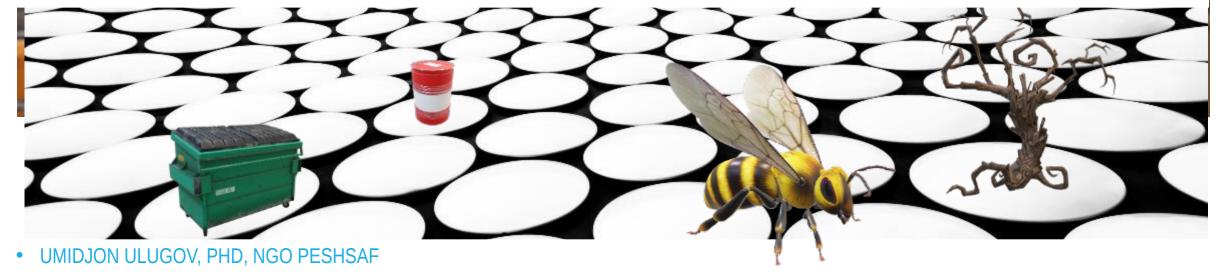


PROBLEMS OF MINI-LANDFILLS IN TAJIKISTAN



PRESENTATION CONTENT



problems

mini polygons



volume





HISTORY OF MINI-LANDFILLS IN TAJIKISTAN



- Intensive development of agriculture (cotton monoculture) since the 1930s
- Development of new lands since the 1960s
- Centralized planning and supply of pesticides
- Lack of special landfills for disposal
- Lack of information about the dangers of pesticides

HISTORY OF MINI-LANDFILLS IN TAJIKISTAN



- Expired pesticides were buried on the territory of pesticide warehouses (depth 1 to 5 meters)
- During the Soviet period, warehouses were isolated from the population, access was limited
- After the collapse of the USSR, warehouses were privatized
- The lands of most warehouses were sold for private development
- People disposed of waste (remaining pesticides) on their own by burying them
- Currently, more than 200 mini-landfills are known throughout Tajikistan

VILLAGE №1 JAIHUN DISTRICT

- Exceedance of Maximum Permissible
 Concentration (MPC) of DDT: 1'000 times
 (MPC 0.1 mg per kg)
- 4 families on the verge of survival
- Resettlement with the support of the Committee for Environmental Protection, FSD, Green Cross Switzerland, and Khukumat of the district
- Site now empty but awaiting clean-up



JAMOAT ZIRAKI KULYAB DISTRICT

- Storage of obsolete pesticides
- Exceedance MPC for arsenic: 83'000 times
- Up to 20'000 empty obsolete pesticide containers (drums, plastic bottles, and torn bags)
- 17-22 October 2018 clean-up campaign. Up to
 12 tons of obsolete pesticides and containers
 removed
- Warehouse completely cleared



FORMER PESTICIDE WAREHOUSE NOSIRI KHUSRAV, J. ISTIKLOL

Amounts of contaminated materials:

Pesticides: 138.9 tons

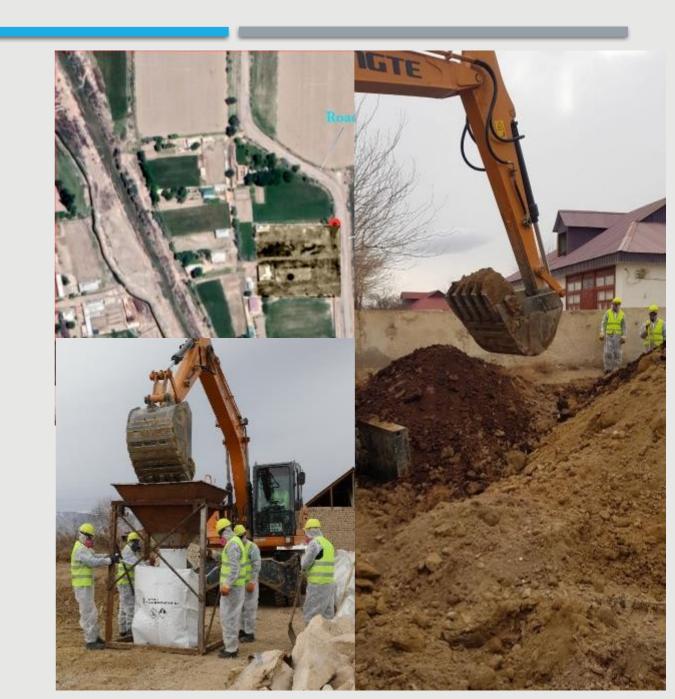
Highly contaminated soil: 546 tons

Affected Population: 1'233

Budget:

Cleanup costs: \$ 68'000

Project duration: January 2020



FORMER PESTICIDE WAREHOUSE JOMY, SHEROBOD

Exceedance MPC of DDT: 22'33450 times

Volumes of contaminated materials:

Pesticides: 9.5 tons

Highly contaminated soil: 255 tons

Affected Population: 800 **Budget:**

Cleanup costs: \$ 49,000

Dates: January 2020





THE VOLUME OF CONTAMINATION OF SOIL AND OBSOLETE PESTICIDES



It is impossible to assess the total volume of OP in mini-landfills without excavation

A lot of archive information was lost during the civil war in the 1990s

Some estimations are that in Vakhsh landfill alone, up to 33'000 tons of obsolete pesticides were buried. However, a lot of the materials have disappeared because of waste mining and resale of OP on street markets

VILLAGE #1 FAO PROJECT

- "Village No. 1" mini-landfill is located in Jaihun district
- The site was formerly used as a central pesticide store
- Water from an irrigation channel right besides the site is used by the residents (about 2,000 people) for household needs and as drinking water
- 4 families living on the site were resettled by FSD, CEP and Green Cross Switzerland



VILLAGE #1 FAO PROJECT

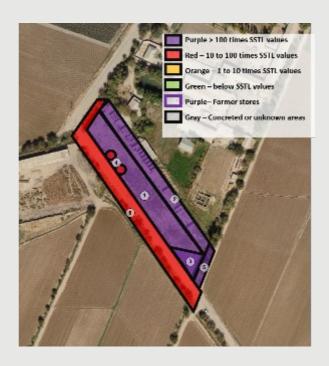
- A detailed site investigation of the Village #1 mini-landfill was made in 2018
- Unclear information whether site surface layer has been disturbed between 2018 and 2022
- Peshsaf with directions by FAO International Consultant on Contaminated Soil undertook composite sampling of surface layer in September 2022
- Analysis in European lab for metals, hydrocarbons, organic chlorinated pesticides, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
- Analysis showed no changes



Complete soil sample	-	1	2	3	-4	5	- 6	7		9	10
Donath from a to	m-el										
Dry matter	%	94.2	82.5	92,0	92.4	82.6	84.6	86,0	80.4	76,0	88,0
Metals											
Arsenic (As)	mg/kg dn	16	16	29	25	770	27	16	27	15	64
Barlum (Ra)	mg/kg dm	110	90	190	100	99	110	110	90	150	96
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg dn	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20	40.20
Cobalt (Co)	mg/kg dn	9.4	8.9	9.1	8.9	11	10	10	9.4	11	10
Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg dm	30	26	20	29	67	30	22	27	29	25
Copper(Cu)	mg/kg dn	21	17	22	19	55	50	22	26	25	20
Mercury (Hel	me'ke do	<0.050	40.050	40.050	<0.050	<0.050	+0.050	+0.050	40.050	40.050	40,050
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/kg dm	<1.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	<1.5	455	415	455	415	<15
Nickel (NI)	mg/kg dm	20	24	27	26	41	32	30	26	34	29
Lead (Pb)	mg/kg dn	<10	422	<22	+22	<10	<10	110	<10	110	422
Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg dm	51	47	59	49	57	56	49	62	65	60
Petroleum Hydrocarbons											
EPH (C10-C12)	me'ke do	<2.0	<2.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<20	<20	<2.0	<2.0
EPH (C12-C16)	mg/kg dm	<5.0	6.5	45.0	21	56	7.0	450	54	<5.0	20
EPH (C16-C21)	me'ke dn	150	170	54	150	1200	120	40	100	24	250
EPH (C21-C30)	me'ke dn	220	270	45	240	23000	2600	460	6100	260	1500
EPH (C30-C35)	mg/kg dm	20	25	12	40	27	12	45.0	11	5.6	22
EPH IC25-C401	me'ke dn	40.6	40.6	10.6	9	9.2	45.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0
EPH (C10-C40)	mg/kg dm	510	490	76	400	24000	2000	520	6200	290	1900
Omanic Chlorinated Peeticides											
alpha-HCH	mg/kg dm	<1.0	<1.0	0.041	0.48	1300	11.0	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	200
beta-HCH	mg/kg dm	1.2	<1.0	0.58	2.1	570	2.4	11	40	<1.0	222
gamma-HCH	me'ke dn	<1.0	<1.0	0.02	0.100	15	11.0	410	+10	<1.0	2.6
delta-HCH	me/kr dn	<1.0	<1.0	40.010	0.048	<10	1.1	110	110	<1.0	1.7
Hexachloroberzene	mg/kg dm	<1.0	<1.0	40,010	40,050	<10	11.0	<1.0	40,010	40.050	122
Heatochioor	me'ke dn	<1.0	<1.0	40,010	40.050	<10	11.0	+10	40.010	40.050	422
Heptachico mooside(cis- or A)	me/kr dn	<1.0	<1.0	40,010	<0.050	<10	11.0	<1.0	<0.010	40.050	122
Heptachico reposide/trans- or 80	me'ke dn	41.0	410	40.050	40.050	410	410	410	40.010	40.050	493
Hesachlorobutadiene	me'ke dn	<1.0	410	40,010	40.050	e10	11.0	+10	40.010	40.050	490
Aldrin	me'ke dn	41.0	410	e0.050	40.050	e10	410	410	40.010	40.050	490
Dieldein	make do	<1.0	<1.0	40,010	40.050	<10	11.0	+10	40.010	e0.050	420
Endrin	mg/kg dm	410	410	40.010	40.050	410	410	410	40.010	40.050	490
inatrio	mg/kg dm	41.0	410	40,010	<0.050	410	11.0	410	40.010	40.050	490
Telodrin	me'ke dn	410	410	40.010	40.050	e10	410	410	40.010	e0.050	490
alpha-Endosultan	me/kr dn	<1.0	<1.0	40.010	40.050	<10	11.0	410	40.010	40.050	122
heta-Endosulfan	mg/kg dm	41.0	410	40.050	40.050	410	410	410	40.010	40.050	490
Endowill annull ste	me'ke dn	410	410	40,010	40.050	420	410	410	40.010	40.050	c20
slobs. Chice from	me/kr dn	410	410	40.010	40.050	e10	410	410	40.010	40.050	430
gamma-Chiorodane	mg/kg dm	410	410	e0.050	40.050	e10	410	410	40.010	e0.050	410
0.000	me/kr dn	410	410	40.010	45	410	410	410	410	e10	410
a.g-00T	me/kr dn	410	410	40.010	12	410	410	410	410	410	410
0.0'-006	make do	29	<1.0	1.1	0.51	42	-	12	- 20	2.0	22
p.p'-005	mg/kg dm	40	22	24	44	290	100	- 44	120	- 24	22
0.01-0000	me/kr dn	36	2.1	0.85	1.0	1700	220	- 15	220	40	130
a.e/-000	mg/kg dm	42	7.7	10	6.2	5000	690	360	960	190	300
p.p-colo HCH (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dn	2.6	21	0.64	2.7	1900	48	10	40	2.1	500
Drins (spm) Bactor 0.7)	me'ke dn	2.1	21	0.021	0.10	24	2.1	2.5	2.1	21	2.1
Drins (som) (factor 0.7) Heptachloomposide (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	2.1	2.1	0.021	0.10	21	1.4	1.4	2.1	2.1	2.1
DOD (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dm	20	9.8	2.014	0.070	4800	920	150	1200	220	500
DCE (som) (factor 0.7)		70	40	44	40	220	160	250	150	210	590
DEE (som) (factor 0.7) DEE (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	1.4	140	0.014	27	220	1.6	1.4	150	21	14
DCK (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dn	120	1.4	7.4	40	7100	1100	450	5400	160	640
Chiconal (tactor 0.7) Chicondaan (som) (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dm	1.4	14	0.014	0.070	7500 14	14	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Chicordaan (som) (factor 0.7) OCB (som) LB ffactor 0.7)	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	100	1.4	0.014	0.070	9100	1100	430	1500	720	1100
OCB (som) WB (factor 0.7)	mg/kg dm	100	-20	8.1	40	9100	1100	430	1500	270	1100
OCB (som) WB (factor 0.7) one on	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	40,0050	40.0050	40,0050	40,0000	9100 40.0010	40.0010	430	40,0050	e0.0000	40.0040
PCB 28 BCB 53	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm		<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0050	40.0030	<0.0010 <0.0010	40.0010 40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0033	40.0090
PCB 52 DCB 501	mg/kg dm	40.0050	40.0050	40.0050	40.0033	40.0010	40.0010	40.0010	40.0000	40.0033	0.0053
PCB 901 DCB 118	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0050 <0.0050	40.0050 40.0050	40.0030	40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0033	0.0053
PCB 118 PCB 138	mg/kg dm	<0.0000 <0.0000	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0033 <0.0033	40.0010 40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	<0.0050 <0.0050	40.0093 40.0093	40.0053
PCB 138 BCB 153		<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0050 <0.0050	40.0050 40.0050	40.0033	40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	40.0010 40.0010	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0033	40.0090
PCB 153 ara san	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0050	40.0030	40.0010	<0.0010 <0.0010	40.0010 40.0010	<0.0050 <0.0050	<0.0030	40.0090
PCB (sum 7) (factor 0.7) Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, PAH	mg/kg dm	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.0049	0.014
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, PAH Nachtaleon		40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050
Naphtalene Obsessetheren	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	40.050	40.050	40.050	<0.050	40.050	<0.050 <0.050	40.050	40.050	40.050	40.050
Anthracene	mg/kg dm	40.050	40.050 40.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050 <0.050	<0.050 <0.050	40.050
Fluoranthene	mg/kg dm			<0.050							
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg dm	<0.050	<0.050	40.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	40.050	40.050	40.050
Chrysene	mg/kg dm	<0.050	40.050	40.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	40.050	40.050	40.050
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg dm	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	40.050	+0.050	40.050
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg dm	40.050	40.050	40.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	40.050
Benzo(ghi)perylene	mg/kg dm	40.050	40.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	40.050	<0.050	40.050
			40.050	40.050	40.050		40.050	40.050		40.050	60.050
Indeno(123cd)pyrene PAK VROM (10) Bactor 0.71	mg/kg dm mg/kg dm	0.25	0.25	0.35	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.35	0.95	0.25	0.25

VILLAGE #1 FAO PROJECT

- Peshsaf with FAO International Consultant on
 Contaminated Soil updated in late 2022 the site
 management plan, developed clean-up scenarios and
 associated budgets for excavation and removal of Village
 #1 landfill
- All materials will be excavated in 2023 and brought for temporary storage to Vakhsh landfill in a form which makes further treatment easy (OP in skips/containers, less concentrated materials in separate soil cells, one for each material stream)
- GEF-UNEP project 9421 is currently assessing national options for disposal of obsolete pesticides. Less concentrated materials could remain in soil cells or be bio-/phyto-remediated



	Topsoil (0 – 0.5 m bgl)	Subsoil (> 0.5 m bgl)	Total m³	Total tons
Pure pesticides	5 m³	5 m³	10	10
Soil with admixture of pesticides above SC low POP content south part of the site	270 m ² x 0.5 – 5 = 130 m ³	200 m ² x 1 -5 = 195 m ³	325	455
Soil with admixture of pesticides above SC low POP content warehouse floors	700 m ² x 0.05 = 35 m ³	-	35	49
Soil contaminated > industrial limit values	6,000 m ² x 0.5 = 3,000 m ³	1,000 m ² x 0.5 = 500 m ³	3,500	4,900

AWARENESS RAISING

Four awareness-raising workshops were organized and held in the regions of Tajikistan affected by mini-landfills during the week of 7-11 November 2022 together with FAO representatives

DUSHANBE BOKHTAR

JAIHUN TURSUNZADE

Information materials on risks by minilandfills developed in English and Tajik





AWARENESS RAISING

Participants feedback:

The negative effect of pesticides is observed on public health;

The negative effects of pesticides are learned at such educational seminars;

Residual pesticides in the soil affect the quality of the crop, jeopardizing the export of products to other countries;

The population is ready to take part in the cleanup process and provide support.



FUTURE PLANS

- Upgrade Vakhsh landfill to receive excavated materials from mini-landfills (work ongoing)
- Tender and excavate Village #1 mini-landfill
- Undertake additional detailed site assessments of top risk mini-landfills and develop related management plans
- Clean up additional sites
- Continue awareness raising seminars March 2023, CEP information video, distribute information materials



UMIDJON ULUGOV, PHD

PESHSAF ENVIRONMENT PROGRAM COORDINATOR

+992918613427

+992778888753 (WHAT'S UP, TELEGRAM, VIBER)

WWW.FLAGMAN.TJ

