General Atomics Electromagnetic Systems Group

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The use of GA's Commercial Supercritical Water Oxidation for the Destruction of Organic Waste

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General Atomics

LOCATION: San Diego, California

FOUNDED: 1955

STATUS: Privately held corporation



John Follin

Director

Strategic Development / Business Development

Demilitarization and Chemical Waste Destruction

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GA is a recognized world leader in high-technology research, design, and production for industry and government in the U.S. and overseas

General Atomics Organization

General Atomics La Jolla, California

Energy La Jolla, California

- Nuclear Fission
- Inertial Confinement
- Nuclear Fusion





Aeronautics Poway, California

- Predator
- Grey Eagle
- Ground Services
- Mission Related Activities





Electromagnetics Rancho Bernardo California

- Electromagnetic Launching
- Lasers
- Satellites
- Railgun
- Radiation Monitoring
- Gulftronics
- Demil / iSCWO / Maglev





What Differentiates between GA and other suppliers?

- Worked with other methods of organic destruction selected iSCWO
- Vast iSCWO experience with various waste feeds and salt/corrosion solutions – 35 years / Military Sales mid 2000's / Commercial Sales 2013
- GA is a large company very healthy with a great future in all areas
- GA Worldwide iSCWO Sales Organization Structure (Life Cycle Support)
 - Waste analysis and waste testing at GA
 - Contract sales / leases GA's iSCWO system is a TRL 9 we sell real systems
 - Fabrication/assembly at our fabrication facility in Tupelo, Mississippi
 - Factory Testing at GA in San Diego, Ca
 - Shipping, installation, checkout, startup and training support
 - After market support field service, spare parts, process support
- GA offers various configurations of iSCWO Systems (3 gpm to up to 10 gpm units) with different types of liners for material compatibility
- Experience with interfacing feed support (liquid, powders, solids)
- Our iSCWO product line is classified as EAR99 (Export Use)
- Full safety documentation (HAZOPS)



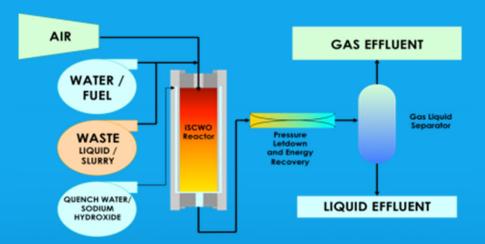
Use of GA's iSCWO in Industrial Environments

iSCWO is excellent for the destruction of:

- Expired or obsolete pesticides, fertilizers, and fungicides
- Contaminated water (waste water cleanup)
- Expired or obsolete paints
- Petroleum, oils, lubricants and/or petrochemical waste streams
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
- Organic cleaning solutions and antifreeze
- Sewage sludge/animal waste products
- Pharmaceutical waste
- Fire retardant materials
- Plastic waste
- Energetic material (explosives or propellant)
- PFAS and other fluorinated organic compounds
- Materials not suitable for normal transportation or disposal



iSCWO: Technical and Cost Advantages





- Perfect for onsite waste destruction
- Cost competitive with incineration or any other oxidation process at the site
- No airborne particulates
- No afterburner or complex secondary processing equipment
- Clean water by-product requires little or no post-treatment prior to discharge to POTW
- Air supply for oxidant instead of LOX
- Simple design easily maintainable
- Waste stream testing in San Diego

Rapid, complete organic destruction with no pollution abatement system



What we offer – Commercial Modular iSCWO Systems



Stationary iSCWO skid



Two transportable iSCWO systems

Systems are sold and delivered as viable commercial systems – ready to run

Modular design allows for rapid setup and start of process operations without the need for complex infrastructure

Multiple Options for iSCWO Waste Feed

Liquid feed

- Generated by in-line process or liquids stored onsite
- Pumped directly into the iSCWO system

Slurry Feed

- Powdered solids (e.g., pesticides or pharmaceuticals) in water
- Ground-up solids (resins or GAC) in water solution
- Size-reduced solids pumped directly into the iSCWO system

Reverse Osmosis (RO)

- Large Amounts of Contaminated Water
- RO reject stream (stew) is pumped into the iSCWO system

Thermal Desorption (TD)

- Contaminated Soil Cleanup (e.g., PCB)
- TD waste stream (scum) is pumped into the iSCWO system

Gaseous Diffusion (GD)

- Contaminated Hardened Material
- GD waste stream is condensed and pumped into iSCWO











Micronized Feed for Slurry Feeding into iSCWO



Wood



Plastics/Rubber



Carbon



Slurry



iSCWO Release Streams Meet Environmental Requirements



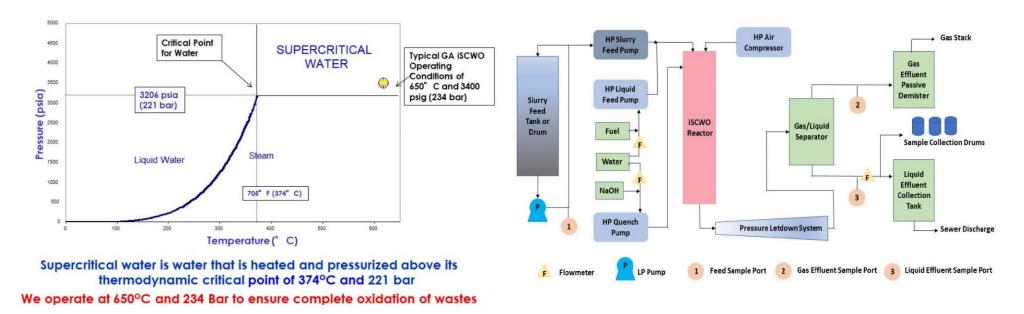


Waste Feed	Gas Release	Liquid Release
Hydro Carbon	O ₂ CO ₂ Nitrogen Water vapor Organic free	Organic-free water Neutral pH
Halogens		Some salts (depending on chemical feed)
Metals		Metallic oxides particles (depending on chemical feed)
-ites, -ates O ₂ O ₃		Molecular oxygen can reduce the amount of cfm needed by air compressor

All Liquid Releases Designed for Discharge Directly to a Public Owned Treatment Works (POTW)



GA iSCWO Typical Process Flow Setup



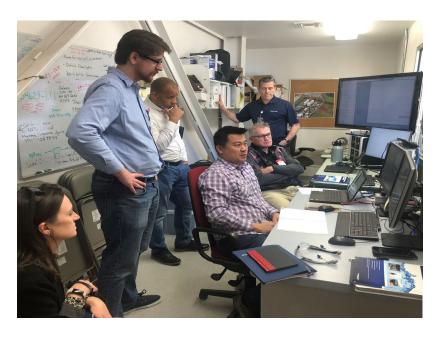
- A wide variety of wastes can be fed into the iSCWO system
- GA's iSCWO system nominally operates at 3400 psi and 650C for the complete destruction of organic waste
- Stack gases released are excess O₂, CO₂, N₂ (from the air), and H₂O (steam)
- Liquid releases are H₂O plus any salts created by the neutralization of halogens
- System operates in a continuous feed mode 24 hours / 7 days a week

GA sells Commercial iSCWO Systems for Onsite Waste Destruction

GA iSCWO Demonstration System – No R&D – TRL 9







iSCWO System used for different chemical waste treatment tests

Dedicated iSCWO Test Facility that customers can observe tests

No R&D – Just confirmatory tests for both process and environmental regulatory permits

System arrangement allows for easy tests with data analysis



GA iSCWO Test Setup – Waste Material Input









All types of shipments accepted – Tanker Truck, 55 Gallon Barrels, Chemical Storage Totes and/or Specialized Tanks

GA iSCWO Demonstration Test Results



Liquid and Gas Analytics are Performed by Independent Laboratories and Results sent to Customer and Government Permitting Officials



Recent Halogenated Organic Destruction Tests*

Material	Matrix	Feed Concentration	Throughput (gallon/min)	Quantity processed (gallons)	Destruction Efficiency	Comments
CCI ₄ / CS ₂	Liquid	100%	0.052	107	99.999%	Non-detect
Tear Gas	Slurry	10% solids	1.6	425	99.99%	Non-detect
1,4-Dioxane	Liquid	0.4%	1.6	107	99.9%	Non-detect
Bromine- Polymer Wash	Liquid	1%	1.1	14	99.99%	Non-detect



^{*}Note – the feed concentration, rates, and quantities were defined by the customer

Recent Slurry Organic Destruction Tests*

Material	Matrix	Feed Concentration	Throughput (gallon/min)	Quantity processed (gallons)	Destruction Efficiency	Comments
Mining ore with gold	Slurry	10% solids	1.1	420	99%	Improved gold extraction
Plastics	Slurry	10% solids	1.1	95	99%	Non-detect
Food waste	Slurry	10% solids	1.1	55	99%	Non-detect
Ground resin beads	Liquid	15% solids	2.2	1060	99.9%	Solids reduction



^{*}Note – the feed concentration, rates, and quantities were defined by the customer

Other Recent Organic Destruction Tests*

Material	Matrix	Feed Concentration	Throughput (gallon/min)	Quantity processed	Destruction Efficiency	Comments
				(gallons)		
Energetics Waste (NH ₄ NO ₃)	Liquid	25%	2.5	1,060	99.99%	Non-detect Air bypass to reduce NOx
Organics containing NaI and CsCL	Slurry	10%	1.2	95	99%	Non-detect
EDTA with hydrazine	Liquid	15%	3.9	1,075	99.99%	Non-detect
Corrosive Solvent Waste	Liquid	15%	2.2	400	99.9%	Non-detect
Cresylate	Thick Liquid	20%	1 – ntrlzd 0.5 – nt ntrlzd	215	99.99%	Non-detect



^{*}Note – the feed concentration, rates, and quantities were defined by the customer

PFAS Destruction Efficiency via iSCWO

Destruction of PFAS efficiency: >99.99% for multiple tests

Published Reports

Materials Tested for DRE Calculations Include:

- Aqueous Fire Fighting Foam (AFFF)
- 6:2 fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)
- Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)
- Integrated Derived Waste (IDW)





Arcadis

EPA

Test	Total Processed	Dilution of Waste	PFAS Feed	Source of Material	Destruction Efficiency
Test 1 AFFF	253 gal	1000x	~30 ppm	Lightwater	99.9996%
Test 2 AFFF	252 gal	1000x	~30 ppm	Lightwater	99.9996%
6:2 FTS	350 gal	0x	210 ppb	Fire pit wash	99.9929%
PFOS	350 gal	0x	1700 ppt	IDW	Non-detect
Test 1 AFFF	310 gal	159x	~194 ppm	Aer-O-Water	~99.999%
Test 2 AFFF	302 gal	152x	~199 ppm	Aer-O-Water	~99.999%
Test 3 AFFF	310 gal	34x	~974 ppm	Aer-O-Water	~99.999%

Targeted PFAS Summary with Fluoride Concentration Analysis

PFAS average DRE > 99.99% Test C (highest influent conc.) DRE > 99.999%

- Targeted 21 PFAS in AFFF waste feed
- DRE does not fully reflect iSCWO's capabilities
 - Non-detect PFAS amounts default to method limits
 - PFAS present in San Diego tap water used to quench liquid effluent

Test	Influent Sum of Targeted PFAS (ppt)	Effluent Sum of Targeted PFAS (ppt)	%DRE Targeted PFAS	Influent Fluoride* (ppm)	Effluent Fluoride* (ppm)	Theoretical fluoride from targeted PFAS* (ppm)	Theoretical PFAS from Fluoride* (ppm)
Α	3,128,300	51.56	99.9984	0.81	173.61	1.86	289.35
В	3,294,600	82.03	99.9975	0.78	235.29	1.96	392.16
С	13,640,000	30.32	99.9998	1.5	482.21	8.07	803.68

Average DRE:

99.9985

PFAS remaining - PFBA, 6:2 FTS, and sulfonates (C4-8) - undetermined whether from water or system

Effluent values include dilution factor of about 1.5 due to higher liquid flow from separator (~12 Lpm out vs ~8 Lpm in)

Effluent values from 120 minutes sampled

Non-detect of corrosion products

Air emissions from the iSCWO system would be considered *clean*

VOCs detected are not fluorinated

Most SCWO system and incinerator gas emissions have not been tested for PFAS release – GA's iSCWO has



^{*} Assumes 60% Fluorine content in associated targeted PFAS

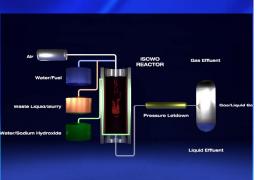
^{* ~0.8} ppm fluoride typical in SD tap water

Upcoming iSCWO Tests planned for CY 2023

- Explosive waste
- Whole resin beads
- Agent Orange
- Pesticide and Herbicide waste (Chloral, Chlorobenzene and DDT)
- Organic mixed waste containing nuclear isotopes (simulants such as cerium, cesium and iodine)
- Biosolids wastes
- Pharmaceutical waste (Isomers)
- Landfill Leachates
- Ground up baghouse filters containing organics and PFAS material
- Large PFAS projects planned for CY 2023 including GAC destruction

Conclusions





- Simple to operate, automated and easy maintenance
- iSCWO is an excellent waste destruction process suitable for <u>onsite</u> treatment of organic wastes at affordable cost
- iSCWO is fully capable of destroying a wide range of pumpable hazardous waste including AFFF / PFAS to strict environmental standards
- Mobility for multi-site waste destruction
- iSCWO systems use air rather than liquid oxygen which makes the processing site easier to permit and eliminates a number of safety issues related to LOX systems
- No pollution abatement system necessary to meet environmental regulations
- GA has 35 years experience with SCWO systems no R&D
- GA provides testing capability and effluent analysis for customers – know before you buy

Contact Information

Thank you very much for your attention!

Any questions – please reach out!

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