







Project Manager

Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning POPs Unit







Project Coordinator

Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning POPs Unit





PROJECT REMOVAL OF TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC BARRIERS TO INITIATING THE CLEAN-UP ACTIVITIES FOR ALPHA-HCH, BETA-HCH AND LINDANE CONTAMINATED SITES AT OHIS

Mickovski, A / Andonova, S





Project: Removal of technical and economic barriers to initiating the clean-up activities for alpha-HCH, beta-HCH and lindane contaminated







Beneficiary: Macedonian Government

Financing Agency: GEF, Government

National Execution Agency: POPs Unit

GEF Grant: USD 3.100.000

Co-financing: USD 12.450.000

Project duration: 2015-2022



Project Justification

In the frames of the Community Assistance for Reconstruction, Development and Stabilisation (CARDS) 2007 project for development of the National Waste Management Plan with Feasibility Studies, 16 Industrial Contaminated Sites - "hotspots" were identified and ranked according to environmental indicators.

Rank	Hot-spot	Status of operation	Municipality	Score *)
1	OHIS A.D (organic chemical industry)		Skopje	0.99
	- former chlor-alkali plant	abandoned (5 yrs)		
	- former lindane plant	abandoned (30 yrs)		
	- HCH dump site	Abandoned (covered)		
	- mixed waste dump site	operational		
2	Bucim copper mine 1)	operational	Radovis	0.96
	- flotation tailings dumpsite	recently reopened		
	- mine tailings dumpsite			
3	MHK Zletovo (lead and zink smelter)	partly closed (2 yrs)	Veles	0.89
	- oven slag disposal	reopening under		
	- coke and slag tip	negotiations		
	- diffuse cadmium contamination in surrounding village			
4	Lojane (former chromium, arsenic, antimony mine) ²	abandoned (30 yrs)	Kumanovo	0.76
5	Sasa lead and zinc mining	closed (3 yrs)	Mak. Kamenica	0.73
6	Silmak ferro-silicium plant (former HEK Jugochrom) ³	closed (10 yrs)	Jegunovce	0.71
7	Toranica lead and zink mining	closed (>5 yrs)	Kriva Palanka	0.63
8	Makstil (iron & steel plant)	operational	Skopje	0.61
9	Rudnici Zletovo (lead and zink mining)	closed (3 yrs)	Probistip	0.60
10	REK Bitola (Thermal power plant and coal mine)	operational	Bitola	0.53
11	Feni Industry (ferro-nickel smelter)	operational	Kavadrci	0.39
12	MHK Zletovo (fertiliser factory)	closed (2 yrs)	Veles	0.38
13	REK Oslomej-ESM (Thermal power plant/coal mine)	operational	Kicevo	0.37
14	Godel tannery ⁴)	closed (5 yrs)	Skopje	0.35
15	OKTA Rafinerija AD (oil refinery) 4)	operational	Skopje	0.34
16	Tane Caleski (metal surface treatment) 4)	closed (3 yrs)	Kicevo	0.34

Legend

- Ongoing EU remediation programme "Intreat"
- Ongoing UNDP remediation investigation
- ³ EAR funded remediation project (2003-2004)
- Possible soil & groundwater contamination likely not caused by waste disposal
 - High risk (proven contamination to a large extent of soil & groundwater)

Medium risk (potential contamination of soil & groundwater to a significant extent)

Low risk (no or limited contamination expected to a small extent)











Plant history

The Lindan complex in AD OHIS-Skopje had the plants producing HCH, Lindan, trichlorobenzene (TCB) and hydrochloric acid. These plants formed a united technological circle supporting each other.

Technical hexachlorine cyclohexane with gamma isomer of 12-14% was produced with photosynthesis of chlorine and benzyl, while around 85% the non-active isomers such as alpha, beta and delta.

The rest of inactive isomers (alpha, beta and delta-isomers) were dumped on the very site. The efforts to utilize them for the production of TCB (trichlorobenzene) and HCl failed.

The Lindane was functioning from 1964 until 1977, when it was abandoned and stopped for ecological reasons and change of the market conditions.

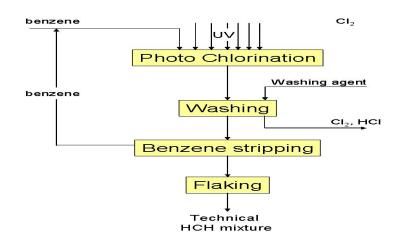
The total Lindane production was around 2.800 tons resulting in a generation of around 25.000-30.000 tons of inactive isomers that were improperly dumped, causing secondary contamination of the soil and underground water, and emissions to air as well.









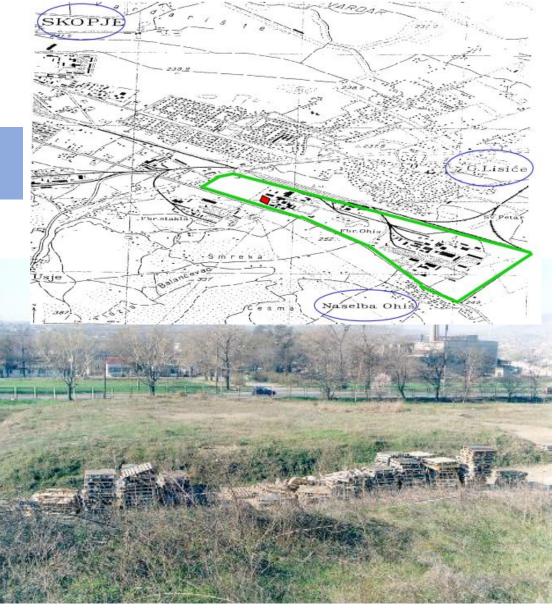






HCH on-site dumping















Project goal

The long-term project objective is to have the OHIS contaminated site free from HCH waste and other hazardous contaminants for future industrial use. The main reason is protection of the human health and the environment from the contaminants adverse effect by reducing and/or eliminating the releases and exposure through remediation of the HCH contaminated sites.

The main outcome of the project will be enhanced national policy, institutional and technical capacities for management of contaminated sites by establishing financially and technically sustainable mechanism for securing continuation of the remedial activities of the HCH contaminated site in a safe manner.











Project components/Work Plan

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completion of the OHIS site clean up operations and building capacities towards contaminated sites management in general																				\perp										
Output 1.2: Technical tools (guidelines, procedures, instructions) for contaminated site management prepared and approved																												Î		
Output 1.3: Environmental officers, contaminated site owners and the potential contaminated site clean up operators trained on practical usage of the prepared guidelines, procedures and instructions Output 1.4: Laboratory personnel trained for sampling and analyses standards and protocols for POPs/HCH																														
Outcome 2: Characterization of the HCH contaminated site completed, risk assessed and risk management options defined															ATA OPT						CC	M	PLI	ETE	Đ,	RI:	SK			
Output 2.1: Site characterization, i.e. detailed site investigation completed by sampling and analyses based on the sampling plan developed during PPG	Ш														\perp						\Box		\Box	1		\perp		I		
Output 2.2: Survey of groundwater for drinking and irrigation purposes conducted Output 2.3: Current risk assessment analyses updated and the risk management options defined	H			4								-	4	-	_					1	_	4	_	-			-		L	
Outcome 3: Contaminated site clean up plan and strategies established and key stakeholders including local communities ready to cooperate Output 3.1: Contaminated site clean up operation/remediation plan and groundwater management plan prepared for prevention of further contamination and adverse human health impact															IAI IMC													KE	Y	
Output 3.2: Consensus among the general public and major stakeholders built for the establishment/improvement of OHIS contaminated site													1		ļ						1					1				
Output 3.3: City development plan and zoning of OHIS site reviewed and revised Outcome 4: Clean up operation initiated and the execution mechanism in place to sustain the clean up operations beyond the project period Output 4.1: ToR for the selection of the technology/service providers for the HCH contaminated site remediation prepared															THE											N P	PLA	CE '	ТО	
Output 4.2: Technology/service providers selected Output 4.3: Parties (private sectors, state owned companies or PPP contractual agreement form) interested as potential operators identified and investors as potential clean up operators consulted	t					0.	9													- 62 E2										
Output 4.4: Operating entity selected and established Output 4.5: Clean up operation/remediation and business plan prepared by the selected operating entity in consultation with the technical providers and all stakeholders and approved by the PSC																														
Output 4.6: Needed permits for the technology treatment installation (EIA, IPPC) obtained Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location	\square				7																									
Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location Output 4.8: Clean up operation executed Outcome 5: Project management structure established, and monitoring and evaluation conducted									UC1			UC	TU	IRE	EST	ГАВ	LIS	HE	D, <i>I</i>	AN	D I	MC	ONI	TO	RII	NG	Al.	ND		
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Output 5.2: Project evaluated meeting the GEF's evaluation criteria							1									1				- 1				,	l,		100	-		<u> </u>











Component 1: Legal framework and institutional capacities to support, justify and evaluate the clean-up of the OHIS site contaminated by alpha-HCH, beta-HCH and lindane established, enhanced and enforced

- Output 1.1: Legal acts on contaminated site management (identification, securing and protection of the contaminated sites, remediation, monitoring provisions) prepared and expected to be approved by the first quarter of 2023;
- Output 1.2: Technical guidelines, tools and procedures enabling contaminated site management (identification, prioritization, risk assessment, safety and risk reduction measures and remediation) prepared and approved;
- Output 1.3: Relevant stakeholders (environmental officers from the respective Ministries, environmental inspectors, environmental consulting agencies, specialists on waste management, potential contaminated site clean-up operators) trained on practical usage of the technical guidelines;
- Output 1.4: Laboratory personnel from two laboratories (Institute of Public Health and the Central Laboratory of the MoEPP) trained on eco/bio monitoring through sampling and analyses standards and protocols for POPs/HCH in different matrices.











Output 1.1: Legal acts on contaminated site management (identification, securing and protection of the contaminated sites, remediation, monitoring provisions) prepared and approved

Methodology for identification and prioretization of Contaminated Sites in Macedonia

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The Methodology is prescribed by the Minister of Environment and Physical Planning for evaluating contaminated sites in Republic of Macedonia according to their current or potential adverse impact on human health and the environment. The Methodology is developed to establish a rational and scientifically based system for comparable assessment of contaminated sites. The Methodology could be used as an important management tool for prioritizing the investigation and remediation of contaminated sites in the country.

The legal base for preparation of the Methodology for identifation and prioritization of contaminated sites in Macedonia is in the Law on Environment.....

1.2 Purpose of the Methodology

The main aim of the Methodology is to provide a scientific and technical assistance to the competent authorities in Macedonia during the identification, classification and prioritization of contaminated sites based on their high, medium, low risk or without risk for the human health and the environment.

According this Methodology, contaminated sites are classified into three general categories of risk (H-high, M-medium, L-low or W-without risk) in a systematic and rational manner, according to their current or potential adverse impact on human health and/or the environment, that will lead to further action for protection (e.g., monitoring, main investigation based on risk assessment, remediation, etc.).

The Methodology introduces the Classification System that will be used to perform the identifation and prioritization of contaminated sites in Macedonia.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

2.1 The Classification Method

The Classification System uses numerical method that assigns scores to a number of site characteristics or factors and reduce the process of assessment and evaluation using a single score intended to represent a site's present or potential hazard.

Pursuant to Article, paragraph (...) and paragraph (...) of the Law on (OG), the Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning of the Republic of Macedonia and Ministry of Health of the Republic of Macedonia adopted the

RULEBOOK

on types and levels of concentrations of hazardous substances in soil and groundwater and ecosystems

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I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Subject matter

- (1) This rulebook shall regulate:
- The list of pollutants and the levels of concentrations of hazardous substances in soil, groundwater and ecosystem
- The definition of target values of hazardous substances into the soil, groundwater and ecosystem
- Intervention concentrations values as content of hazardous substances in the soil, groundwater and ecosystem which leads to disruption of its functions and is a danger to the environment and human health
- Criteria for calculating generic reference level for the protection of human health
- Criteria for calculating generic reference level for the protection of ecosystems
- (2) The limit value for Groundwater shall be established in accordance with the Law on waters and related secondary legislation

Article 2

Scope of application

- (1) This rulebook aims at defining the hazardous substances the related target values, as well as intervention values for the identification of potentially contaminated and contaminated sites, to protect human health and environment.
- (2) The rulebook shall not be applied to the assessment of sediment contamination.

Article 3

Definitions

- (1) The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of this rulebook:
 - "Soil" is three-dimensional dynamic natural body, friable/loose layer of the Earth's surface, naturally changed by mutual influence of pedo-genetic factors and processes;
 - ii Potentially Contaminated Site: "a site where the concentrations of one or more chemicals in the environmental media (soil, sub-soil and groundwater) exceed "target values and needs a main site investigation followed by a site-specific risk assessment to evaluate the contamination level
 - iii Contaminated Site: a site where Intervention values, derived by a site-specific risk assessment carried out on the basis of a detailed site investigation, are exceeded"









Output 1.2: Technical guidelines, tools and procedures enabling contaminated site management prepared and approved;

Technical instructions on all phases of the contaminated site management:

- Preliminary site assessment (desktop study, site visit, ICSM, preliminary risk assessment,....)
- Detailed site assessment (gap analysis, investigation plan, field investigation, CSM, risk assessment,....)
- Remediation assessment (selection of feasible remediation techniques, MCDA, selection of best remedial option, preliminary design of the preferred remedial option, H&S plan, risk management,....)
- Remediation management (tendering process, detailed remediation design, site preparation: zoning, site work analysis, administrative tasks, remediation evaluation, remediation closure,....)
- Monitoring and aftercare (monitoring and aftercare plan, organization of monitoring and aftercare, costs,)
- SOPs (personnel health and safety, preliminary site assessment, ICSM, site assessment; gap analysis, field investigation, soil profile description, data management, CSM, drilling methods, installation of monitoring wells, field testing, soil and groundwater sampling, remediation assessment, remediation

supervision, monitoring aftercare,.....)













Output 1.3: Relevant stakeholders (environmental officers from the respective Ministries, environmental inspectors, environmental consulting agencies, specialists on waste management, potential contaminated site clean-up operators) trained on practical usage of the technical guidelines

Training for the relevant stakeholders including theoretical and practical part covering all phases of contaminated site management. Twenty eight participants have been trained.



















Output 1.4: Laboratory personnel from two laboratories (Institute of Public Health and the Central Laboratory of the MoEPP) trained on eco/bio monitoring through sampling and analyses standards and protocols for POPs/HCH in different matrices



Annex 1 Training Agenda

This annex contains a detailed training agenda that was followed during the training between 11 and 14 September 2017. Contents of the agenda does rigorously follow the requests in the ToR and in the margins of the meeting consultations with relevant RECETOX experts were provided to interested Macedonian participants of the training.

DRAFT AGENDA for Training on Toxic Compounds in the Environment for laboratory technicians from fYRoM

Date: 11 – 15 September 2017

Venue: Research Centre for Toxic Compounds in the Environment (RECETOX),

Faculty of Science, Masaryk University, Kamenice 753/5,

625 00 Brno, Czech Republic

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	Session: Introduction :00 - 9:20 Jana Klánová, Kateřina Šebková :20 - 10:45 Ivan Holoubek Introduction to Environmental chemistry – measures to prevent and control releases of toxic chemicals to the environment 0:45 - 11:00 Break – coffee 1:00 - 12:30 Ivan Holoubek Sources and fate of chemicals in the environment – mythand reality 2:30 - 14:00 Break – lunch	
		Sunday, 10/09/2017
	Arrival	of participants to Brno, Czech Republic
		Monday, 11/09/2017
	Kam	enice 5, lecture room, 4th floor
8:30 - 9:00	Regist	ration
	Session: Introdu	ction
9:00 - 9:20		Welcome and introductory remarks
9:20 - 10:45	Ivan Holoubek	prevent and control releases of toxic chemicals to the
10:45 - 11:00	Break	– coffee
11:00 - 12:30	Ivan Holoubek	Sources and fate of chemicals in the environment – myths and reality
12:30 - 14:00	Break	- lunch
14:00 - 15:30	Ivan Holoubek	Introduction to human and ecological risk assessment
15:30 - 16:00	Break	- coffee













Project components/Work Plan

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Output 5.2: Project evaluated meeting the GEF's evaluation criteria			L																															- [



Component 2: Characterization of the HCH contaminated site completed, risk assessed and risk management options defined

- Output 2.1: Detailed site investigation conducted and the level of contamination for the different environmental media (soil, groundwater and air), as well as the vegetables defined;
- Output 2.2: Groundwater surveyed and the level of contamination of the groundwater at the contaminated site and at the nearby resident area defined;
- Output 2.3: : Current risk assessment analyses updated and the risk management options defined.





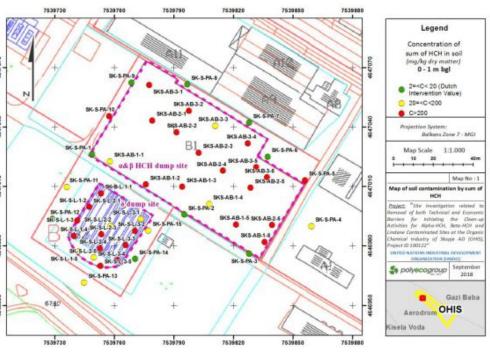






48 boreholes were drilled on the big and small HCH dumps and the perimeter of the same; 146 soil/waste samples were collected

Output 2.1: Site characterization, i.e. detailed site investigation completed by sampling and analyses



















Sum HCH range at different statigraphy δ-dump

Waste properties of the	e δ-dump	
	Volume [m³]	223
Dark Brown Paste	Bulk density [kg/m³]	988
	Mass [tn]	220
	Volume [m³]	562
Light Brown Paste	Bulk density [kg/m³]	1034
	Mass [tn]	581
	Volume [m³]	427.4
White powder	Bulk density [kg/m³]	1870
	Mass [tn]	799.3
Total	Mass [tn]	1600.3
Soil properties of the ō	i-dump	·
	Volume [m³]	1490
Overlying soil	Bulk density [kg/m³]	1480
	Mass [tn]	2205
Underlying sand and c	lay properties of the δ-dump	
	Volume [m³]	>742.6
Underlying sand and clay	Bulk density [kg/m³]	1800
o.u.j	Mass [tn]	>1336.7

Description	Color	Su	m HCH (mg/kg	Sum HCH (mg/kg) -	C		
Description	Color	Min	Max	Average	Median	composite samples	Comments
Overlying Soil		71,3	30871	2531,3	508,3	1508,9	
Liquid-oil sludge		8904	131144	44729,3	19434,5		
White powder		22284	25222	23753	23753	18012	
Dark brown paste		18013	179470	96148,8	105145,5	256230	
Light brown paste		36849	269648	102047,5	65789	970330	
						32653	with tar
Clay		8,8	3342	1113,4	522,1	2070,8	with chemical odour
						2,4	composite
Sand		2,2	222,3	132,3	128,25	998,6	

Parameter	Value	Note
Planar area	1,240 m²	
Surface area	1,250 m ²	
Total dump volume	2,630 m ³	
Volume of δ- HCH waste	620 m ³	
Mass of δ-HCH waste	590 t	Density of 0.95 g/cm³ used for calculation
Character of δ- HCH waste	16% of a-HCH, 1% of β -HCH, 44% of γ -HCH and 39% of δ -HCH	
Volume of dumped contaminated soil and other waste	2,010 m ³	
Mass of dumped contaminated soil and other waste	3,620 †	Density of 1.8 g/cm ³ used for calculation











	Waste properties of the α&β	-dump
	Volume [m³]	22261
Waste (white powder)	Density [kg/m³]	1870
(mine pomeer)	Mass [tn]	41628.1
	Soil properties of the α&β-du	ımp
	Volume [m³]	5812.7
Overlying soil	Density [kg/m³]	1800
	Mass [tn]	10462.9

Description	Sum HCH	l (mg/kg) -	composite	samples
Description	Min	Max	Average	Median
Overlying Soil	65,01	2762,2	1146,5	1006,8

Parameter	Value	Note
Planar area	5,140 m ²	
Surface area	5,270 m ²	
Total dump volume	20,200 m ³	In comparison, EPTISA (2007) states 25,000 m ³
Volume of HCH waste	15,000 m ³	
Mass of HCH waste	28,100 t	Density of 1.87 g/cm³ used for calculation. In comparison, EPTISA (2007) states 13,900 t
Character of the waste	88% of a-HCH, 11-12% of β- HCH and 1 – 2 % of γ-HCH	Source: EPTISA 2007
Volume of the overlying contaminated soil	5,200 m ³	
Mass of the overlying contaminated soil	9,400 t	Density of 1.8 g/cm³ used for calculation. In comparison, EPTISA (2007) states 14,000 t











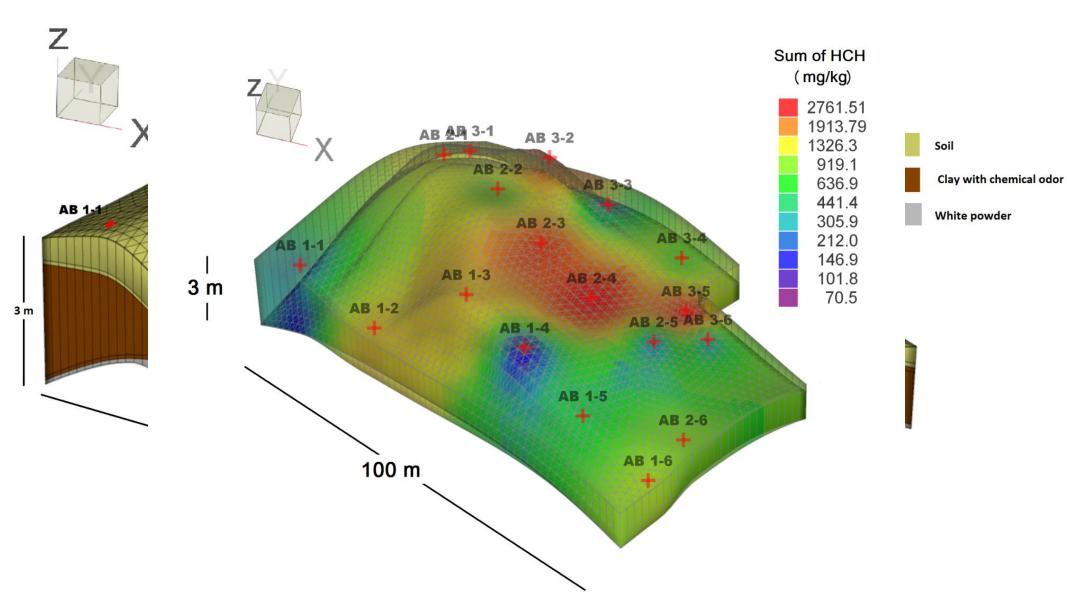
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Output 2.1: Site characterization, i.e. detailed site investigation completed by sampling and analyses





NW

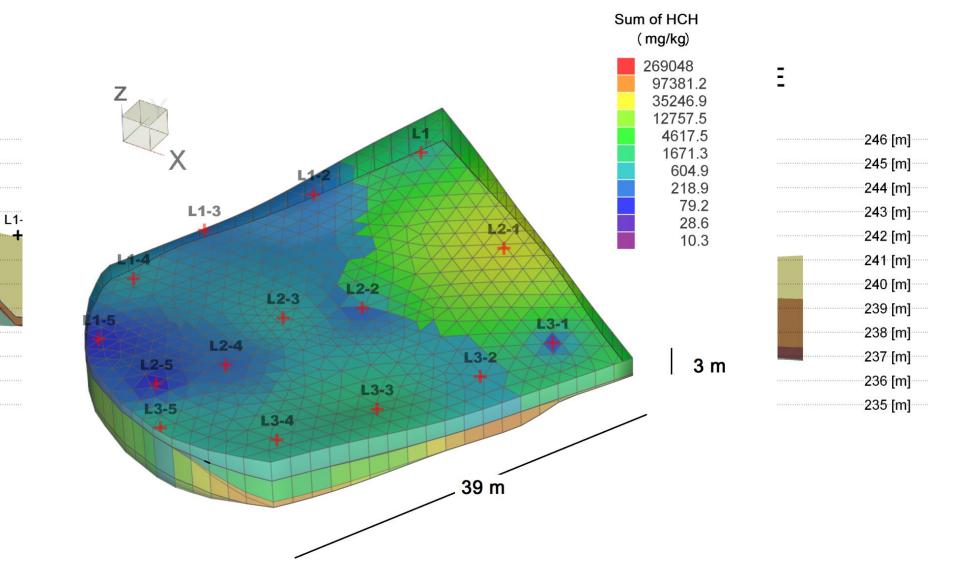
Output 2.1: Site characterization, i.e. detailed site investigation completed by sampling and analyses

JNIDO

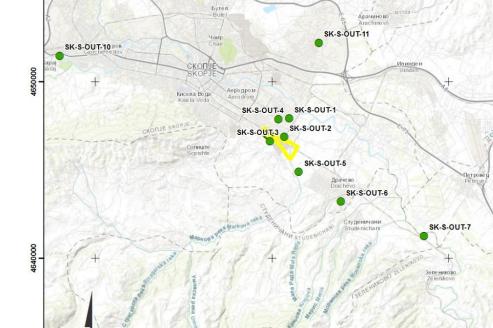


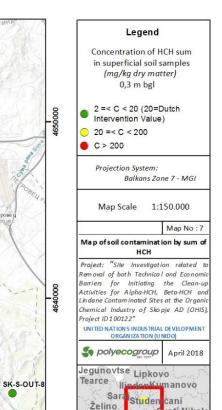










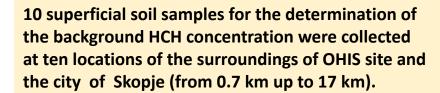


Veles

Gostivar







7540000

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Gorp., GEBCO,









7530000











Sample no. Sample label					171164962 SK-S-OUT-1	171164963 SK-S-OUT-2	171212792 SK-S-OUT-3	171212793 SK-S-OUT-4	171212794 SK-S-OUT-5	171212795 SK-S-OUT-6	171212796 SK-S-OUT-7	171212797 SK-S-OUT-8	171212798 SK-S-OUT-10	171212799 SK-S-OUT-11
oumpro labor		Standard		Intervention	sk-s-pa-borko-1	sk-s-lis-1	2.1000113	0.00014	3,700013	3,70 001-0	0.0001-1	3,70 001-0	0.0001110	3,10001-11
Parameter	Unit	LOQ	Method	(mg/kg)	Result	Result								
Dry mass	w-% ar	0.1	DIN ISO 11465	(-3-3/	91.2	91	99.3	99.1	99.1	99	99.2	99.3	99.2	99.2
Moisture	w-% ar	0.1			8.8	9	0.7	0.9	0.9	1	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8
Hexa chloro benzene	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	2	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
alpha-HCH	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	17	1	2.3	0.073	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.016	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
beta-HCH	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	1.6	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.014	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
gamma-HCH	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	1.2	< 0,05	0.34	0.008	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
delta-HCH	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0.05	< 0.05	0.84	0.011	0.007	< 0,005	0.04	0.008	0.019	0.013
epsilon-HCH	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Aldrin	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	0.32	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Dieldrin	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Endrin	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Heptachlor	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	4	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
cis Hepta chloro epoxide	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	4	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
trans Hepta chloro epoxide		0.005	DIN 38407-2	4	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
alpha Endosulfan	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	4	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
beta Endosulfan	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
o,p'-DDE	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	2.3	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
p,p'-DDE	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	2.3	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
o,p'-DDD	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	34	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
p,p´-DDD	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	34	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
o,p'-DDT	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	1.7	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
p,p´-DDT	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2	1.1	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Methoxychlor	mg/kg d	0.005	DIN 38407-2		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Intervention values in accord	ance with Du	rtch Soil Rem	ediation Circular 20	09										
			Result > Intervent	ion value										

None of the external superficial soil samples taken during Polyeco's campaigns exceeded Dutch Intervention Values, although in most of them (9 out of 10) some minor concentrations of HCH isomers were detected. Other analyzed pesticides were below detection limits

















10 vegetables samples (2 cabbage, 2 beetroot, 2 potatoes, 2 parsley, 1 onion and 1 pumpkin) were collected at three different locations, i.e. from the locations of the 3 domestic wells



The results of the tested vegetables were within the maximum residue level (MRL) of pesticides as defined by Regulation (EC) No 396/2005, except for α-HCH parameter for 2 samples of parsley (27 μg/kg and 26 μg/kg) and 1 sample of cabbage (23 μg/kg) when the MRL is 10 μ g/kg. The rest of the samples and parameters (DDE, DDE, DDT, aldrin, dieldrin, endosulfans, other HCH isomers, heptachlors, methoxychlor, PCB and others) were below the detection limits.

SGS IF sample no.	171164964	171164965	171164966	171164967	171164968	171212801	171212802	171212803	171212804	171212805	
	SK-VEG-BOR-1		SK-VEG-LIS-VEG-1		SK-S-LIS-VEG-2	SK-VEG-BOR-3,	SK-VEG-BOR-4,	SK-VEG-LIS-3,	SK-VEG-LIS-4,	SK-VEG-LIS-5,	
Sample label	beet root	cabbage	beet root	Pumpkin	cabbage	Potatoes	Parsley	Potatoes	Parsley	Onion	Limit EC
	A Total										396/2005
Parameter											
o,p'-DDD	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
o,p'-DDE	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	1 1
o,p'-DDT	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0.05
p,p'-DDD	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,05
p,p'-DDE	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	$\ell = 1$
p,p'-DDT	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	\mathbf{I}
Aldrin	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,01
Dieldrin	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,01
alpha-Endosulfan	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
beta-Endosulfan	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,01
Endosulfansulfat	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
alpha-Hexachlorcyclohexan	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	0,023	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	0,027	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	0,026	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	
beta-Hexachlorcyclohexan	< 0,01(8)	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	0,01								
gamma-Hexachlorcyclohexan	< 0,01(8)	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾	0,01								
delta-Hexachlorcyclohexan	< 0,01(8)	< 0,01 ⁽⁸⁾									
Heptachlor	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
Heptachlorepoxid	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,01
Heptachlorepoxid	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
Hexachlorbenzol	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	
Methoxychlor	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0,01
PCB 101	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	
PCB 138	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	Ĺ
PCB 153	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	0,2-3*
PCB 180	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	0,2-3
PCB 28	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	
PCB 52	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	< 0,002	



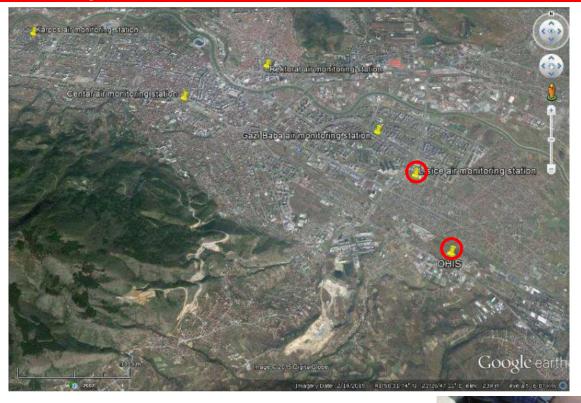








Two air monitoring locations: one pump was set at OHIS site, next to the site where the drilling of boreholes took place and the second one in the city of Skopje, close to Novo Lisice and next to a school. In both places air samples were collected before (1 sample), during (2 samples) and after (1 sample) the completion of the drilling works. In total eight (8) air samples were collected: four (4) samples at OHIS and other four (4) in the city of Skopje.



















Ambient air samples analysis results were compared with the applicable threshold limit values (TLV) and the Maximum **Acceptable Toxic Concentration** (MATC) of Dutch Soil Remediation Circular (2009). In all samples collected in OHIS dump sites area, α -HCH parameter exceeded the MATC (Dutch Soil Remediation Circular 2009). **PCB** concentrations were within the levels for industrial areas, while PAH presented levels above environmentally degraded areas.

Sample label				1	2	3	4	5	6		OH during drilling 1		OH after drilling		e LIS during drilling 1		LIS after drilling
Danista	Unit	Standard LOQ	Made at	TLV-TWA Denmark	TLV-TWA Germany	TLV-TWA USA	TLV-TWA Greece	TLV-TWA Other Country	MATC	Danula	Result	Result	Result	Davide	Result	Result	Result
Parameter alpha-HCH	µg/m ³	0.005	Wethod VDI4301	500	100	USA	Greece	Other Country	0.25	Result 0.45	0.61	0.3	Result	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
beta-HCH	ug/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	500	500			-	0.25	0.020	0.007	0.009	0.010	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
gamma-HCH	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	500	100	500			0.25	0.020	0.041	0.003	0.010	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
delta-HCH	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	500	100	300	9		0.23	0.022	0.01	0.038	0.074	< 0,005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Chlordane	µg/m ³	0.01	VDI4301	300			500		0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.014	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
o,p-DDT	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301				300		0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0,005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
p,p-DDT	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	1			4			< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
o,p-DDD	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301							< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0,005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
p,p-DDD	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	1000	1000	1000				< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
o,p-DDE	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	1000.000	******		*			< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0.005	< 0,005
p,p-DDE	µg/m ³	0.005	VDI4301	1						< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0,005	< 0.005
Naphthalene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				100			< 0.005	< 0.005	0.011	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.019	< 0.005
Acenaphthylene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							0.005	0.009	0.014	0.041	< 0.005	0.015	0.037	0.033
Acenaphthene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Fluorene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				4			0.009	0.010	0.010	0.025	0.014	0.018	0.032	0.041
Phenanthrene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884					800 (Latvia)		0.019	0.016	0.025	0.058	0.049	0.035	0.063	0.110
Anthracene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.010	0.005	0.006	0.010	0.020
Fluoranthene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							0.005	0.005	0.009	0.021	0.010	0.013	0.021	0.037
Pyrene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				5			< 0,005	< 0,005	0.005	0.020	0.009	0.010	0.020	0.034
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/m³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				5			< 0,005	< 0,005	0.005	0.014	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.010	0.018
Chrysene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				5			< 0,005	< 0,005	0.005	0.014	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.011	0.017
Benzo(b)fluoranthene+Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884					**		< 0,005	0.005	0.011	0.034	0.007	0.009	0.026	0.044
Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884		0.7		5	0,55 (The Netherlands)		< 0,005	< 0,005	0.005	0.013	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.012	0.016
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	μg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884				5			< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.008	< 0,005	< 0,005	0.007	0.008
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/m ³	0.005	DIN ISO 12884							< 0,005	< 0,005	< 0,005	n.a. ⁵	< 0,005	n.a. ⁵	0.005	n.a. ⁵
Sum of PAH (EPA)			DIN ISO 12884							0.038	0.045	0.100	0.268	0.094	0.106	0.273	0.378
MATC = Maximum Acceptable Toxic Concentrati	ion (Dutch	Soil Remedia	tion Circular 2009)														
		Result > MAT	C value														
			nigh compared to v	alues detected	in industrial	areas											



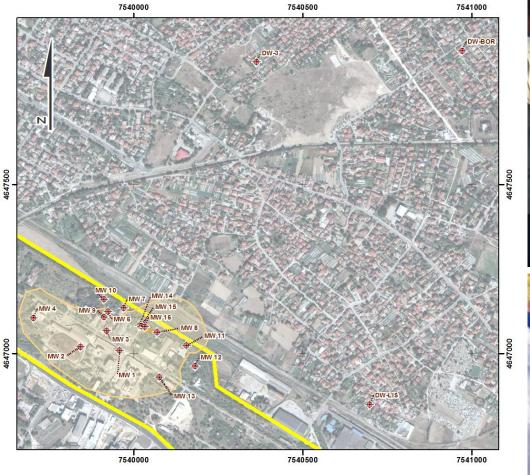








36 groundwater samples taken from 15 monitoring wells and 3 domestic wells in the course of 2 sampling campaigns and the samples analyzed





















The results of the groundwater taken from the monitoring wells exceeded the intervention values for HCH (1 µg/l) at all 15 monitoring wells; then exceeded the intervention value for mercury (0.3 μg/l) in the majority of the wells, and the levels of chlorobenzenes, chloroethenes and ethanes are mainly between the target and intervention values, while for the domestic wells the levels of HCH, chlorobenzenes, chloroethenes and ethanes are between the target and intervention values.

Sample no.					7	171149891	171149892	171149893	171149894	171149895	171149896	171149897	171149898
Sample label						MW 1	MW 2	MW 3	MW 4	MW 6	MW 7	MW 8	MW 9
		A											
	4	Standard			7								
Parameter	Unit	LOQ	Method	Intervention (µg/I)	Target (µg/I)	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
Mercury	μg/l	0.1	DIN EN 1483	0.3	0.05	< 0,1	< 0,1	< 0,1	< 0,1	< 0,1	0.4	71	< 0,1
Selected chloro organic parameters:													
alpha-HCH	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		7	0.89	2.9	0.26	4.5	0.59	0.27	0.19	2.1
beta - HCH	µg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2] ,	0.05	2.9		1.4	4.1	1.5	1	3.5	0.43
gamma-HCH	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1	0.05	0.1	0.74	0.11	0.12	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.07
delta - HCH	µg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	.f'	1 /	0.23	7	0.14	0.51	0.14	0.11	0.36	0.19
Aldrin	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.000009	0.06	< 0,01	0.63	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
Dieldrin	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.0001	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
Endrin	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	/	0.00004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
Heptachlor	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.3	0.000005	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
cis-Heptachloro epoxide	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	3	0.000005	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
trans-Heptachloro epoxide	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2			< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
alpha Endosulfan	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	5	0.0002	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
beta Endosulfan	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2			< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p' - DDE	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1	0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
p, p' - DDE	µg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	fi /	0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p' - DDD	µg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.01	0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
p, p' - DDD	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.01	0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p' - DDT	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	fi /	0.000004	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
p, p' - DDT	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	1	0.000004	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
Methoxychlor	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	/ S		< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
Chloro benzenes:				ALC: NO STATE OF THE PARTY OF T									
Chloro benzene	μg/l	1	DIN 38407-9-1	180	7	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1
1,2-Dichloro benzene	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2			< 0,05	0.35	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
1,3-Dichloro benzene	µд/∣	0.05	DIN 38407-2	50	3	< 0,05	0.47	5	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	1	< 0,05
1,4-Dichloro benzene	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	4'	1	< 0,05	< 0,05	2	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
1,2,3-Trichloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	870	25000000	0.15	1.1	1.3	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0.57	< 0,01
1,2,4-Trichloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	10	0.01	0.11	1	2	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0.79	< 0,01
1,3,5-Trichloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	4	4×	0.07	0.52	7.5	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	1.7	< 0,01
1,2,4,5-Tetrachloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	2.5	0.01	0.16	0.24	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
1,2,3,4-Tetrachloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.05	0.36	1.2	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0.59	< 0,01
Pentachloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1	0.003	0.08	0.03	0.67	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	0.28	< 0,01
Hexachloro benzene	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.5	0.00009	0.13	< 0,01	0.22	< 0,01	0.53	0.43	0.24	< 0,01
Chloro ethenes and ethanes:		11.		441			10	and the same of th					
Chloro ethene (Vinyl chloride)	μg/I	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	5	0.01	<1	< 1	<1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	<1
cis-1,2-Dichloro ethene	µg/I	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	20	0.01	<1	<1	59	<1	<1	< 1	2	<1
trans-1,2-Dichloro ethene	μg/I	1	DIN EN ISO 10301			<1	< 1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1
1,1,1-Trichloro ethane	μg/I	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301	300	0.01	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2
Trichloro ethene	μg/l	0.1	DIN EN ISO 10301	500	24	0.6	0.4	470	< 0,1	21	26	200	12
Tetrachloro ethene	μg/l	0.1	DIN EN ISO 10301	40	0.01	1.5	5.3	270	0.2	24	10	18	0.7
Trichloro methane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301	400	6	1.7	< 0,5	1.9	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	0.6	< 0,5
1,1,2-Trichloro ethane	μg/l	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301	130	0.01	< 0,2	< 0,2	1.4	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	1	< 0,2
1,1-Dichloro ethane	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	900	7	<1	< 1	<1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	<1
1,2-Dichloro ethane	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	400	7	< 1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1
1,1-Dichloro ethene	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	10	0.01	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro ethane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301			< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro ethane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301		'	< 0,5	< 0,5	4.5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	4.8	< 0,5
Hexachloro ethane	μg/l	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301	ſ'		< 0,2	< 0,2	23	< 0,2	7	2.8	< 0,2	< 0,2
Pentachloro ethane	µg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	45	(5)	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	<1

Result > Intervention value
Result > Target value (Inervention value does not exist)
Target value < Result < Intervention value



















Sample no.						171149899	171149900	171150201	171150202	171150203	171150204	171150205	171164969	171164970	171212800
Sample label						MW 10	MW 11	MW 12	MW 13	MW 14	MW 15	MW 16	SK-DW-LIS	SK-DW-BOR	SK-DW-3
															3.1.3.1.3
		Standard	1	1											
Parameter	Unit	LOQ	Method	Intervention (µg/I)	Target (µg/l)	Result									
Mercury	µg/l	0.1	DIN EN 1483	0.3	0.05	< 0.1	5.8	< 0.1	< 0.1	2.3	9.7	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Selected chloro organic parameters:	PB/	0.1	DIN 214 1405	0.5	0.05	- 0,1		7.0/2	10,1	- Book		0.1	10,1	10,1	10,1
alpha-HCH	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1		0.3	0.08	0.27	0.14	0.98	1.4	2.6	0.06	0.09	0.02
beta - HCH	ug/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1		A 7	2.1	0.26	0.34	3.3	2.7	2.9	0.39	0.02	< 0.01
gamma-HCH	ug/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1	0.05	0.26	0.16	0.35	0.23	0.51	0.45	0.68	0.05	0.02	0.01
delta - HCH	ug/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1		0.74	0.12	0.47	0.4	0.56	0.04	0.00	0.07	0.03	0.02
Aldrin	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.000009	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	µg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.00003	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
Endrin	µg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.0001	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor		0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.3	0.00004	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0.01
cis-Heptachloro epoxide	µg/I µg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.3	0.000005	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
		0.01	DIN 38407-2	3	0.000005	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
trans-Heptachloro epoxide alpha Endosulfan	μg/l	_	DIN 38407-2	5	0.0002	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
	μg/l	0.01		3	0.0002										
beta Endosulfan	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		·	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p' - DDE	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
p, p' - DDE	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p´ - DDD	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.01	0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
p, p' - DDD	μg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2		0.000004	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
o, p´ - DDT	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2		0.000004	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
p, p´ - DDT	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2		0.000004	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
Methoxychlor	μg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	la la	ĝ.	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05
Chloro benzenes:	100	d .		10		*			V-	100					
Chloro benzene	µg/l	1	DIN 38407-9-1	180	7	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	< 1	< 1	<1	<1	< 1
1.2-Dichloro benzene	µg/I	0.05	DIN 38407-2			< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1.3-Dichloro benzene	μg/I	0.05	DIN 38407-2	50	3	< 0.05	< 0,05	< 0,05	< 0,05	2	2	3	< 0.05	< 0,05	< 0,05
1,4-Dichloro benzene	µg/l	0.05	DIN 38407-2	1		< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0,05	1	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1.2.3-Trichloro benzene	µg/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2			< 0.01	0.2	0.1	0.07	0.67	0.78	11	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1.2.4-Trichloro benzene	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	10	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.07	3.8	4	1.9	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
1.3.5-Trichloro benzene	ug/l	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1 1	0.01	< 0.01	0.31	0.25	0.03	2	1.9	5.2	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1,2,4,5-Tetrachloro benzene	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1,2,3,4-Tetrachioro benzene	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	2.5	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.22	0.06	0.45	0.57	1.5	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Pentachioro benzene	μg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	1	0.003	< 0.01	0.45	0.57	0.01	0.22	0.21	0.33	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0,01
Hexachloro benzene	µg/I	0.01	DIN 38407-2	0.5	0.00009	< 0.01	0.26	0.13	0.01	0.11	0.08	0.07	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chloro ethenes and ethanes:	μg/1	0.01	DIN 30407-2	0.5	0.00009	< 0,01	0.20	0.13	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.07	< 0,01	< 0,01	< 0,01
Chloro ethene (Vinyl chloride)	μg/I	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	5	0.01	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1	<1	<1
cis-1,2-Dichloro ethene		1	DIN EN ISO 10301	,	0.01	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	4	<1	<1	<1
trans-1,2-Dichloro ethene	μg/l	1		20	0.01	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
1.1.1-Trichloro ethane	μg/l	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301	300	0.01	< 0.2	<0.2			< 0.2			< 0.2	< 0.2	
	μg/l		DIN EN ISO 10301					< 0,2	< 0,2		< 0,2	< 0,2			< 0,2
Trichloro ethene	μg/l	0.1	DIN EN ISO 10301	500	24	0.2	16	1.5	< 0,1	120	220	270	1	0.1	0.3
Tetrachloro ethene	μg/l	0.1	DIN EN ISO 10301	40	0.01	0.4	3.4	0.5	< 0,1	32	36	40	1.2	0.2	0.4
Trichloro methane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301	400	6	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	1.9	2.2	1.1	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5
1,1,2-Trichloro ethane	μg/l	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301	130	0.01	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	0.4	1.6	1.6	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2
1,1-Dichloro ethane	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	900	7	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	<1	< 1
1,2-Dichloro ethane	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	400	7	<1	<1	< 1	<1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
1,1-Dichloro ethene	μg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301	10	0.01	< 1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	< 1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro ethane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301			< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro ethane	μg/l	0.5	DIN EN ISO 10301			< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5	2.3	1.1	8.9	< 0,5	< 0,5	< 0,5
Hexachloro ethane	μg/l	0.2	DIN EN ISO 10301			< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2	3.4	3.1	2.5	< 0,2	< 0,2	< 0,2
Pentachloro ethane	µg/l	1	DIN EN ISO 10301			<1	< 1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1

Result > Intervention value

Result > Target value (Inervention value does not exist)

Target value < Result < Intervention value



7540500

7540000

7540000



7540500

Legend

Isolines of sum of HCH concentration in µg/l

1 (Dutch Intervention Value)



7541000

7541000

~ 9



Monitoring wells



OHIS boundary

Projection System:

Balkans Zone 7 - MGI

Map Scale 1:8.000 0 75 150 300 m

Map No : 15

Map of groundwater contamination by sum of HCH - 24/04/2018

Project: "Site Investigation related to Removal of both Technical and Economic Barriers for Initiating the Clean-up Activities for Alpha-HCH, Beta-HCH and Lindane Contaminated Sites at the Organic Chemical Industry of Skopje AD (OHIS), Project ID 100122"

UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION (UNIDO)



June 2018



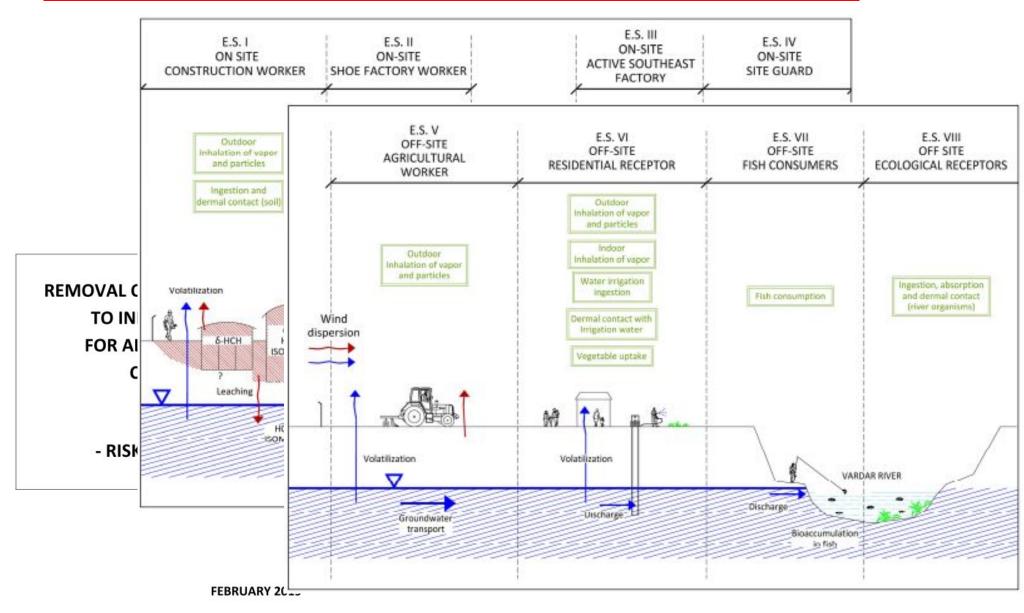






















The risk assessment analysis updated, based on the findings from the detailed site investigation (identifying the sources of contamination, the exposure pathways, the receptors, the contaminant migration, the risk characterization identifying unacceptable risks for certain receptors) and the defining corresponding risk management options towards reduction/elimination of the risks.

ES	Risk	Ingestion/dermal contact affected soil	Outdoor inhalation particles/vapor	Indoor inhalation vapor*	Cumulative risk
I: Construction/ remediation worker	Yes	HQ=6.8E+2 ILCR=8.1E-3	HQ=4.4E+2 ILCR=7.0E-4	NA	HQ=1.1E+3 ILCR=8.8E-3
II: Shoe factory worker	Yes	NA	HQ=2.7E+1 ILCR=1.1E-3	HQ=1.5E+0 ILCR=8.8E-5	HQ=2.8E+1 ILCR=1.2E-3
III: Southeast facility worker	(Yes)	NA	NA	HQ=3.1E-1 ILCR=7.1E-7	HQ=3.1E-1 ILCR=7.1E-7
IV: Site guard	Yes	HQ=1.3E+1 ILCR=4.0E-3	HQ=1.9E+2 ILCR=7.7E-3	NA	HQ=2.0E+2 ILCR=1.2E-2

HQ: Hazard quotient (values less than 1 are indicative of acceptable risk)

ILCR: Incremental lifetime cancer risk (values less than 1.0E-5 are indicative of acceptable carcinogenic risk)

NA: Not applicable

*: Indoor exposure only evaluates enclosed space accumulation of vapors from soil and groundwater

(Yes): There could be a risk by outdoor inhalation (evaluated under scenarios II and IV) and/or by the entrance of outdoor air in the building by a forced ventilation system or gaps in the walls, windows or doors

ES	Risk	Outdoor inhalation particles /vapor	Indoor inhalation vapor	Ingestion /absorption surface water (river)	Ingestion/ dermal contact with irrigation water	Fish ingestion	Vegetable uptake	Cumulative risk
V. Agricultural worker	Yes	HQ=5.5E+1 ILCR=2.2E-3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	HQ=5.5E+1 ILCR 2.2E-3
VI. Residents	Yes	HQ=4.7E+0 ILCR=2.3E-4	HQ=7.0E-1 ILCR=3.9E-6	NA	HQ=1.5E+0 ILCR=5.7E-5	NA	HQ=7.3E+0 ⁽¹⁾ ILCR=3.0E-4 ⁽²⁾	HQ=1.4E+1 ILCR=5.9E-4
VII. Fish consumers	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	HQ=5.3E-5 ILCR=1.2E-8	NA	HQ=5.3E-5 ILCR=1.2E-8
VIII: Ecological receptors	No	NA	NA	HQ=4.5E-1	NA	NA	NA	HQ=4.5E-1

HQ: Hazard quotient (values less than 1 are indicative of acceptable risk)

ILCR: Incremental lifetime cancer risk (values less than 1,0E-5 are indicative of acceptable carcinogenic risk)

NA: Not applicable

(1): Due to β-HCH (no cumulative risk assessed)

(2): Due to α-HCH (no cumulative risk assessed)









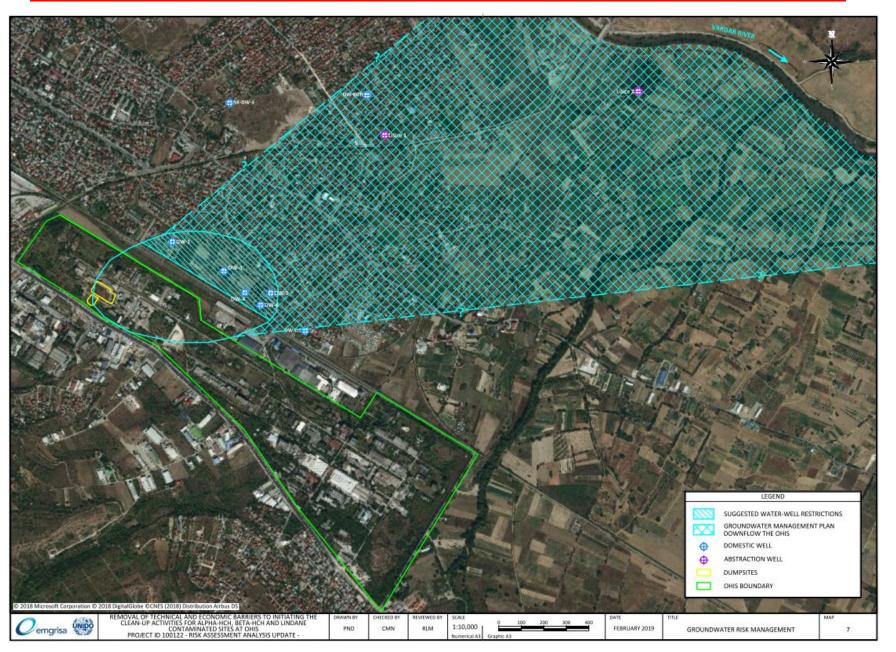












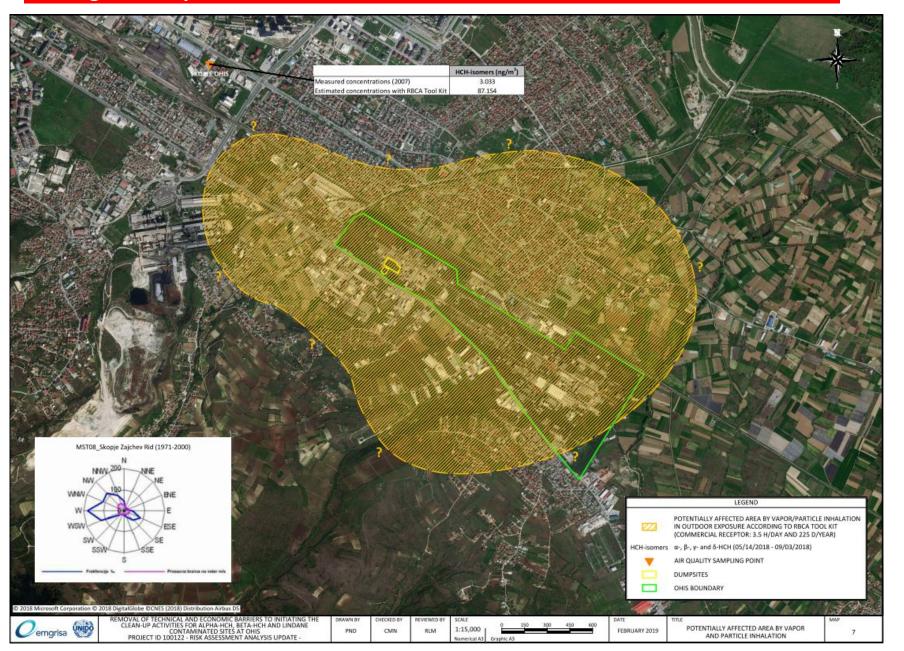






















Project components/Work Plan

					20	015											20	016				Т							20)17				
Outcomes/Outputs/Activities	Mar	Apr	May	Jun			Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May J	un J			Sep	Oct 1	Nov	Dec 1	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun J	_		Sep (Oct N	Nov	Dec
		2			5	6	7	8							15																			
Outcome 1: Legal framework and institutional capacities to support, justify and																																		\neg
evaluate the clean-up of the OHIS site contaminated with alpha-HCH, beta-HCH and	ı																					- 1												- 1
lindane established, enhanced and enforced Output 1.1: Legal acts and institutional and technical tools prepared to ensure the												- 5	-	\rightarrow	-	+	-	-	-	\rightarrow	-	-	-	-	_		\rightarrow	\rightarrow	_	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	+	\rightarrow	_
completion of the OHIS site clean up operations and building capacities towards													ľ						- 1			- 1					- 1							- 1
contaminated sites management in general																						- 1												- 1
Output 1.2: Technical tools (guidelines, procedures, instructions) for contaminated site													_			_	1	-		_		-	-				\neg	-		_	+	-	7	\dashv
management prepared and approved																						- 1												- 1
Output 1.3: Environmental officers, contaminated site owners and the potential												-	\rightarrow	\dashv	-	\rightarrow	-	-	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	-	-	\rightarrow	-	_		\rightarrow	-	-	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	+	\rightarrow	-
contaminated site clean up operators trained on practical usage of the prepared	ı																					- 1												- 1
guidelines, procedures and instructions	ı																					- 1												- 1
Output 1.4: Laboratory personnel trained for sampling and analyses standards and	\vdash			Н											-	$^+$	_	-	_	_	\neg	_	_	_			-	_	_	-	+	+	\rightarrow	\neg
protocols for POPs/HCH	ı																																	- 1
			COI	NTA	MA	IIN	ATE	ED :	SIT	ΈС	LE	AΝ	U	PP	LAI	N A	N	D S	TR	AT	EG	IES	E	STA	\B	LISI	HE	D A	N	D K	EY			
Outcome 2: Characterization of the HCH contaminated site completed, risk assessed	1		CTA	VΕ	ЦС	ИD	ED	C II	VICI	1116	SIN	ic i		CAI	L C		A R /		мит	TEC	. D	EΛ	Dν	T	٠,	· O C	۱DE	D A	TE					
and risk management options defined	ı) IA	INE	пι	JLU	EK	o II	VCL	LUL	יווע	ו טו	LUI	LA	L C	UIV	IIV	וטו	ALI	IES	א כ	EA	וט	10	J	.نار	PE	IKA	VI E					
Output 2.1. Site above statistics in Arteiled site investigation completed by complica-									-				-			-			-			-		-				-	-		-	-	-	-
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Output 4.8: Clean up operation executed Outcome 5: Project management structure established, and monitoring and evaluation			-	\vdash					\rightarrow		\vdash	-	\rightarrow	-	-	+	+			-											-			
conducted	1																																	
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Output 5.1: Project results monitored and reported	\vdash		-		-				\rightarrow	-	\vdash	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	\dashv	-		-	\rightarrow	-	-	-	+	+	\dashv	-
Output 5.2: Project evaluated meeting the GEF's evaluation criteria	1			L J	L s			l, J	- 1		Į. J		- 1				- 1	l	ا	l		_1		ال		[, ,]	- 1		- 1					- 1



Component 3: Contaminated site clean-up plan and strategies established and key stakeholders including local communities ready to cooperate

- Output 3.1: Clean up operation/remediation plan prepared by the company selected for the remediation of the delta dump;
- Output 3.2: Awareness raising campaign conducted to gain and mobilize the public opinion towards successful realization of the foreseen contaminated site clean-up activities at OHIS;
- Output 3.2: Cost-benefit analysis prepared with the main objective to quantify the expected costs and the social, public health benefits from the intervention.



















Output 3.2: Consensus among the general public and major stakeholders built for the establishment/improvement of OHIS contaminated site

Awareness raising campaign conducted to gain and mobilize the public opinion towards successful realization of the foreseen contaminated site clean-up activities at OHIS, within which following activities have been realized:

- i) questionnaires formulated and general survey about the current level of knowledge of the local population of the particular problem and planned actions for clean-up activities for HCH contaminated sites at OHIS conducted;
- ii) two awareness raising workshops on health and environmental hazards posed by POPs/HCH, socio-economic impacts of POPs/HCH, regulatory requirements, and on the establishment of sustainable operation for the OHIS contaminated site among different target groups (government institutions, local community, the print and electronic media, NGOs, women associations and the general public as well, especially the vulnerable population) organized with the participation of 71 persons;
- iii) Awareness raising materials prepared, printed and disseminated;
- iv) Awareness raising activities at five schools on the harmful impact of the Lindane on human health and the environment organized;
- v) Visibility event to inform the public and other interested parties in initiation of the cleaning activities organized;
- vi) Clean-up activities regularly promoted in printed and electronic media;
- vii) Media event organized at OHIS site for demonstration of the progress of the remediation activities (12 media presented at the site, statements on the progress of the remediation works given and the explanation on the technical aspects of the clean-up provided to journalists inside the tent;
- viii) Three panel discussions organized with POLYECO and the other stakeholders (NGOs, local residents, local communities) on the progress of the clean-up, the difficulties in the process and the corrective measures undertaken;
- ix) Video material on the site clean-up activities to contribute to the overall support of the local population and stakeholders of the entire three-month process of clean-up activities prepared and promoted.



Output 3.2: Consensus among the general public and major stakeholders built for the establishment/improvement of OHIS contaminated site









P17. In your opinio Gender 1. Yes

responden

2. No 3. Do not kno

Governmental Instituti

3. Ministry of Env

Economy, Mini

Faculty of agric

Metallurgy, Ins

Institute for pu

7. State inspector

8. Government of

9. Ministry of Inte

measures)

10. Local populatio

11. Local farmers (

12. Business sector

13. Schools (primar

14. Kindergartens (

15. NGOs and CGs

16. Local communi

17. Catering faciliti

companies/ent

to OHIS)

Nongovermental Instit

project "Removal of Techi

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 - Water po P21. Do you know Destructi
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 - P4. From what o asked to tho P22. In your opin question shou

Public enterprises/Age

23. Hydro meteoro

24. Crisis Managen

25. Firefighting ser

18. Media

- 1. Yes, it's dar 19. Health ambular 2. No, it's not 20. State firms and
 - P5. Do you think family doctors) 3. I do not kn
- environmen 21. Agency for Foo responden 22. State for Real E

responde

 Yes P23. In your opinio immediate er Do not kr

answered YES

The analysis of the results from the conducted survey was done in January 2019 (Annex IV). General conclusions of the analysis of the results are the following:

- · Industrial facilities are recognized as serious polluters with hazardous and harmful waste;
- · 99% of respondents stated that they need to be informed about the presence of potential hazardous and harmful substances in their immediate surroundings;
- · Television media are convincingly the most desirable ways of informing citizens about the presence of potential hazardous and harmful substances in their immediate surroundings;
- . More than half of the respondents claim that at this point they are very little or not at all informed about the risks to the environment;
- More than 2/3 of the respondents assess the situation of environmental pollution in their immediate surroundings as very bad;

Almost half of the respondents fully agree that OHIS already pollutes their immediate surroundings by inadequate waste disposal; for th

- for cl. About 1/3 of the respondents know what is lindane. Almost all of these respondents stated that lindane is a threat to their health and that it is a polluting threat to their immediate surroundings;
 - · Respondents who have declared that they have wells and cultivate various vegetative crops are not fully aware of the danger of consuming contaminated water and fruit / vegetables / cereals. Also, almost half of the respondents consider that the soil is contaminated in their immediate surroundings;
 - 48.6% of the respondents claim to have heard about the initiative for the removal of lindane or the initiative of the removal in general;
 - 72.4% of the respondents stated that the initiative for the removal of lindane will positively affect their health and their immediate surroundings; and
 - Almost all respondents stated that they want to be informed about the process of cleaning the lindane from their environment.



Output 3.2: Consensus among the general public and major stakeholders built for the establishment/improvement of OHIS contaminated site



ПРОЕКТ НА ГЕФ, УНИДО И МЕД





МАКЕДОНИЈА

Црна хроника Колумни Автомоб



Скопје се подготвува да го отстј вода линданот од ОХИС

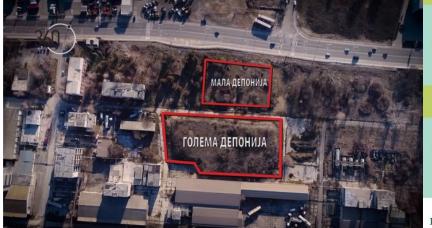
Во ноември почнаа активностите на Канцеларијата за неразгра ДСПО Министерството за животна средина и просторно планирање чи ќе биде отстранување на депонираниот линдан од една од двет фабриката ОХИС.

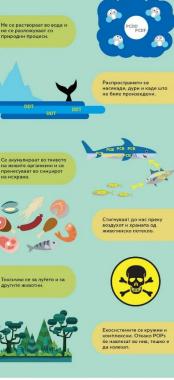




ЗДРАВСТВЕНИ ПОСЛЕДИЦИ ОД ИЗЛОЖЕНОСТ НА ПЕРЗИСТЕНТНИ ОРГАНСКИ ЗАГАДУВАЧИ

депонииите со концероген линдан во кругот на затворената фаорика ∪хи∪. Проценката е дека ке бидат потребни од 40 до 260 милиони евра и се очекува дека тој процес да трае од 3 до 5 години. Дотогаш 30.000 тони екстремно опасен отпад со канцерогениот пестицид линдан продолжува да г



















Output 3.2: Consensus among the general public and major stakeholders built for the establishment/improvement of OHIS contaminated site

COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS FOR REMEDIATION OF THE OHIS INDUSTRIAL SITE

FINAL REPORT

UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION (UNIDO)

PROJECT: REMOVAL OF TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC BARRIERS TO INITIATING THE CLEAN-UP ACTIVITIES FOR ALPHA-HCH, BETA-HCH AND LINDANE CONTAMINATED SITES AT OHIS

COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS FOR REMEDIATION OF THE OHIS INDUSTRIAL SITE

Prepared by:

PointPro Consulting www.pointpro.com.mk

in association with:

Prof. Trajce Stafilov, PhD Prof. Elisaveta Stikova, PhD

Skopje, January - May 2019







Cost-benefit analysis prepared with the main objective to quantify the expected costs and the social, public health benefits from the intervention demonstrating how this project will be beneficial to the society and therefore justifying the clean-up activities.

ARRES	VIATIONS	d
	TIME SUMMARY.	
	NTRODUCTION	
1.1.	PROJECT BACKGROUND AND RATIONALE	
1.2.	GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS.	
1.3.	METHODOLOGY	
1.4.	REPORT FORMAT	
53.555	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT STRATEGIC CONTEXT	
2.1.	LOCATION OF THE INTERVENTION	
2.2.	DEMOGRAPHY	
2.3.	LAND USE	
2.4.	GEOLOGICAL AND HYDROGEOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITE	
2.5.	WEATHER AND CLIMATE CONDITIONS	
2.6.	Summary of the OHIS PLANT OPERATION.	
2.7.	Summary Information From Environmental Pollution Risk Analysis.	
2.8.	FUTURE INTENDED USE OF THE OHIS SITE	
2.9.	INSTITUTIONAL AND REGULATORY ASPECTS	
	PROJECT TECHNICAL ANALYSIS	
3.1.	PROJECT SCOPE AND EXPECTED BENEFITS	
3.2.	KEY PRINCIPLES FOR REMEDIATION OF CONTAMINATED INDUSTRIAL SITES	
3.3.	REMEDIATION APPROACH AND MAJOR REMEDIATION WORKS	
3.4.	DESCRIPTION OF ANALYZED CONTAMINATION REMEDIATION ALTERNATIVES FOR THE OHIS SITE	
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	OST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS	
4.1	OBJECTIVES AND METHODOLOGY OF THE COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS	
4.2.	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS	
4.3.	ECONOMIC COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS	
4.4.	SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS.	
33.55	MULTI-CRITERIA ANALYSIS OF REMEDIATION ALTERNATIVES	
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Project components/Work Plan

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Component 4: Clean-up operation initiated and the execution mechanism in place to sustain the clean-up operations beyond the project period

- Output 4.1: ToR for the selection of the technology/service providers for the HCH contaminated site remediation prepared;
- Output 4.2: Technology/service provider selected;
- Output 4.5 and 4.6: Clean up operation/remediation plan prepared by POLYECO and approved by the working group established within the MoEPP upon consultations with all relevant institutions to secure safe and environmentally sound remediation;
- Output 4.7: Environmental monitoring system/programme established;
- Output 4.8: Clean up operation executed.











Output 4.1: ToR for the selection of the technology/service providers for the HCH contaminated site remediation prepared

ToR for the selection of the technology/service providers for the **HCH** contaminated site remediation prepared. The ToR prescribed the scope of the services; the safety requirements to avoid fugitive odour, vapour and dust emissions during the remedial operations; the provisions related to the excavation, packing, transportation and disposal of the HCH waste/contaminated soil, as well as the monitoring aspect of the remediation. Upon the finalization of the Bidders' technical and commercial proposals, the company POLYECO was selected to perform the remediation of the delta dump.

		Stage	Francistance	Scenar	rio 1	Scena	rio 2
TERMS OF	A	Capping of the alpha and	Expenditures	Total (USD)	USD/kg	Total (USD)	USD/kg
Project G		beta HCH dump	Capping of the alpha and beta HCH dump costs				
Removal of Technical and Economic Ba			HCH remediation technology costs:				
for Alpha-HCH, Beta-HCH and L	В	Delivery and installation	Technology plant capital costs				
		of the remediation technology for the HCH	Logistics and infrastructural costs				
		contaminated soil at OHIS site and treatment	Technology transportation and installation costs				
		of the foreseen quantities	Training of Operating Entity personnel costs				
TENDED CREC			On-site/off-site support costs				
TENDER SPEC REMEDIATION OF THE I			Operating and maintenance costs:				
			Pre-treatment costs				
			Utilities costs				
	С	Packing, temporary	Consumable materials costs				
		storage and shipment of	Spare parts costs				
		the HCH waste	Labour Costs				
			Post-treatment costs				
			Intellectual property costs				
			Revitalization plant costs (backfilling the treated soil and off-site disposal of the surplus of treated soil/concrete)				
			Monitoring costs				
			Final disposal costs:				
			Packing costs				
			Transportation costs				
	D	Disposal of the HCH	Disposal costs				
		waste	Management and administration costs				
			Other costs				

Total:











Output 4.5: Clean up operation/remediation and business plan prepared by the selected operating entity in consultation with the technical providers and all stakeholders and its approval by the operating entity







from the edge of the excavation (at least 1 meter) according to the type of soil and excavation side angles. Where necessary a competent engineer will provide directions / additional working plan

50P-003 - Excavation And Breaking Ground

No employee shall be permitted underneath loads handled by lifting or digging equipment. Employees shall be required to stand away from any vehicle being loaded or unloaded







- asphalt, cobbles, boulders, and timber suitable for disposal as non-hazardous waste · Contaminated debris and rubble that inappropriate for replacement should be stockpiled separately or put in holding bins for
- treatment and off-site disposal · Excavated overburden and soils that tes below project cleanup goals should be left in place, or used as backfill material
- 0) If needed collect samples at the base and perimete of the excavation and analyze using appropriate analytical methods as described in the work plan

sampling and analysis





PROJECT: Removal of Technical and Economic Barriers to Initiating the Clean-up

Activities for Alpha-HCH, Beta-HCH and Lindane Contaminated Sites at

Project No: 100122

EMPLOYER: United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)

Procurement Services Division/CMO/OSS/PRO

SITE REMEDIATION PLAN

(Part II - Health and Safety Plan (HASP))

Wargramer Strasse 5, Room D-2010 PO Box: 300, A-1400, Vienna, Austria

CONTRACTOR: POLYECO S.A. 16th km National Road Athens-Corinth

GR 19300, Aspropyrgos, Greece

Kostas Tsirikos, Head of Project and Tender Management

Tel: +30 210 4060000, Fax: +30 210 4617423 Email: k.tsirikos@polyecogroup.com

DATE: November 2020

SITE REMEDIATION PLAN

(Part I - Site Take Over Report)



PROJECT: Removal of Technical and Economic Barriers to Initiating

the Clean-up Activities for Alpha-HCH, Beta-HCH and

Lindane Contaminated Sites at OHIS

Project No: 100122

EMPLOYER: United Nations Industrial Development Organization

Procurement Services Division/CMO/OSS/PRO

Att: A. Bravin

Wargramer Strasse 5, Room D-2010 PO Box: 300, A-1400, Vienna, Austria

BIDDER: POLYECO S.A. 16th km National Road Athens-Corinth

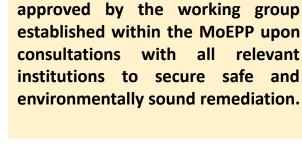
GR 19300, Aspropyrgos, Greece

Kostas Tsirikos, Head of Project and Tender Management

Tel: +30 210 4060000, Fax: +30 210 4617423

Email: k.tsirikos@polyecogroup.com

DATE: November 2020



Clean up operation/remediation plan prepared by POLYECO and

















Output 4.5: Clean up operation/remediation and business plan prepared by the selected operating entity in consultation with the technical providers and all stakeholders and its approval by the operating entity





Contact Guido van de Coterlet and Boudewijn Fokke

 Date
 27 November 2020

 Reference
 N001-1275609GMC-V01

Review of POLYECO Work Plan

1 General

This note contains, in addition to the Evaluation of the Site Remediation Plan written by Aleksandar, TAUWs technical comments on the Site Remediation Plan - Part I – Site Take Over Report as submitted by POLYECO on November 11th 2020 as part of the Removal of Technical and Economic Barriers to Initiating the Clean-up Activities for Alpha-HCH, Beta-HCH and Lindane Contaminated Sites at OHIS Project No: 100122.

In general, it is a clear report with a good level of detail. Some information is missing that is needed for a full assessment of the proposed operations. This information concerns:

- Cross-section and/or dimension of the hall/tent/containment to be installed over the δ (delta)dump with heights and exact dimensions
- Complete layout of the whole working area including the location of temporary storage, the water storage atc.
- . Entry, exits to the working area / the project site
- · Operational area (should be wider)
- · Acceptance criteria (environmental quality of the soil and the wastes) from ATM and TREDI

2 Specific remarks

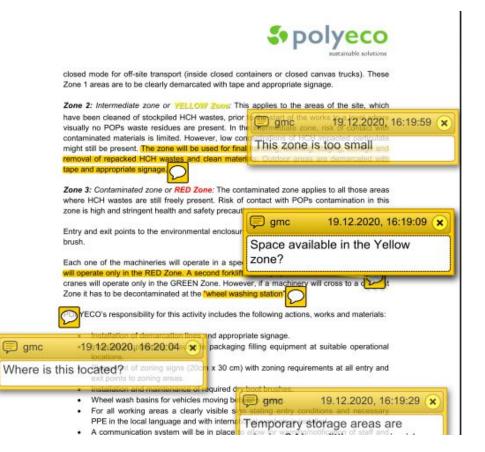
Below the most important remarks are given, for each remark reference to the Section and pages is given (the heading). In the pdf version of the Site Remediation Plan - Part I (OHIS Remediation Plan_Site take over report_with comments TAUW) these and other more remarks / comments are presented as notes

Section 3.4.5, page 22

Precautions are named for Hot Weather work. No reference is made to cold weather work in this section. As a minimum, in indoor areas where work takes place using air purifier respirators, temperatures should be kept above freezing to avoid:

- . Slippery conditions due to freezing and thawing re-freezing of damp coming from the tents
- Frost bites in masks due to continues blowing of cold air

In case sub-zero temperatures are expected, heathers should be installed to raise temperatures inside the tent.





















Output 4.6: Needed permits for the technology treatment installation (EIA, **IPPC)** obtained



Врз основа на член 55 од Законот за организација и работа на органите на државната управа ("Службен весник на Република Македонија" бр. 58/2000, 44/2002, 82/2008, 167/2010, 51/2011, 96/2019 и 110/2019), и во согласност со член 6, 14 и 157 од Законот за животна средина ("Службен весник на Република македонија" бр. 53/2005, 81/2005, 24/200, 159/2008, 83/2009, 48/2010, 124/2010, 5/2011, 123/2012, 93/2013, 187/2013, 42/2014, 44/2015, 129/2015. 192/2015, 39/2016 и 99/2018), министерот за животна средина и просторно планирање на 14 април 2021 година донесе:

РЕШЕНИЕ

за одобрување на Планот за ремедијација на локалитетот во ОХИС АД, Скопје

Член 1

Со ова Решение се одобрува Планотза ремедијација на локалитетот во ОХИС АД, Скопје и започнувањето на активностите за чистење на контаминираната локација со алфа-НСН, бета-НСН и линдан во ОХИС" (во понатамошниот текст Планот) доставен до Министерството за животна средина и просторно планирање од страна на "POLYECO SA" од Р. Грција.

Член 2

При реализирање на Планот " POLYECO SA " од Р. Грција треба да се придржува кон навремено и целосно реализирање на сите активности кои се предвидени во истиот и, особено да пристапи кон исполнување на следните активности:

- Подготовка на локацијата со реализрање на следните активности:
- Инсталирање на шатор преку малата (делта-НСН) депонија со интегрирани единици за негативен притисок и филтри за прочистување на воздухот (НЕРА и филтри со активен јаглен).
- Зонирање и обележување на локацијата,
- Инсталирање на опрема за пакување (машинерија и пакувања одобрени од Обединетите Нации).
- Обезбедување на опрема за лична заштита.

hapësinor e Republikës së Maqedonisë së Verjut Bul. "Presveta Bogorodica" nr. 3, Shkup Republika e Maqedonisë së Veriut

Република Северна Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Republika e Maqedonisë së Veriut Ministria e Miedisit Jetësor dhe Planifikimit Hapësinor

година, за разгледување на Планот. Работната група го разгледа Планот и му даде предлог на министерот за негово одобрување со прилог на активности кои треба да бидат превземени согласно позитивното законско право.

Министерството за животна средина и просторно планирање согласно предвидените активности во рамките на проектот "Отстранување на техничките и економските бариери за започнување на ремедијацијата на локациите контаминирани со α- НСН, β- НСН и линдан во ОХИС" редовно ќе ја информира јавноста за секоја фаза од активностите предвидени во Планот.

Согласно горенаведеното се донесе Решение како во дизпозитивот



Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање на Република Северна Македонија Плоштад "Пресвета Богородица" бр. 3, Скопје

Република Северна Македонија

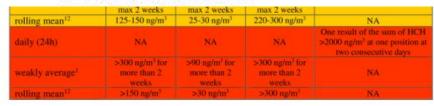
Ministria e Mjedisit Jetësor dhe Planifikimit hapësinor e Republikës së Maqedonisë së Veriut Bul. "Presveta Bogorodica" nr. 3, Shkup Republika e Maqedonisë së Veriut

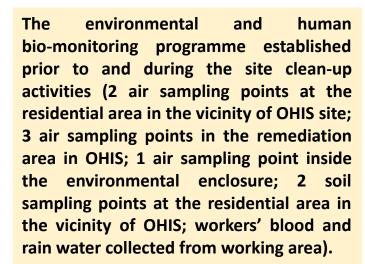
+389 2 3251 403 www.moepp.gov.mk



Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location

- xii. remediation monitoring. The monitoring should take place least at the following locations and fulfill the following conditions
 - Inside environmental enclosures including details of proposed continous and/or periodical measuring equipment
 - Directly outside the environmental enclosures including details of proposed continous and/or periodical measuring equipment plus the planned emergency actions in case of exceedance of the permitted levels conform Annex 13, "Proposed values for air immissions" on page 4 of Annex 13, "Decision tree air monitoring values" on page 5 and "Explanation about derivation of limit values for the Monitoring plan of the authorities" on page 6 of the same Annex
 - At the physical border of the A/B dump, including details of proposed continous and/or periodical measuring equipment plus the planned emergency actions in case of exceedance of the permitted levels
 - At the border /fences of the contractor's site
 - Any of the listed OHIS facilities in Annex 10, if falling within the areas of the Contractor's site















Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - delivery of laboratory equipment -



























Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - delivery of laboratory equipment -

PRINSINKA CESINA MARIANAA REVISIKA E MAREKONSË SË VENIT MMHMICTEPCTEO SA "XUBOTHA CPERIMA U RIPOCTOPHO IRRAHPAHE MINISTRIA E MJEDISIT JETËSOR DHE PLANEÇKIMIT HAPËSINOR Република Северна Македонија Универзитет "СВ. КИРИЛ И МЕТОДИЈ" ПРИРОДНО МАТЕМАТИЧКИ ФАКУЛТЕТ

5p. <u>03-938/1</u> 29.4 <u>2022 год.</u>

за вршење на мониторинг на воздух и почва во околината на ОХИС 7 за време на постапката на отстранување на заостанати изомери на линдан во ОХИС

ЛОГОВОР

Склучен на ден 11.04.2022 година, во Скопје помеѓу:

- Република Северна Македонија, Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање, со седиште на Плоштад Пресвета Богородица бр. 3. Скопје со ЕМБС 5262887, ЕДБ 4030998358508, (во понатамошниот текст: Нарачател на мониторинг), застапуван од министерот Насер Нуредини од една страна и
- Универзитет "Св. Кирил и Методиј" во Скопје, Природноматематички факултет – Скопје, со седиште на ул. "Архимедова" бр. 3 со ЕМБС 6462618 и ЕДБ 4043009100070, застапуван од деканот проф. д-р Александар Скепаровски, (во понатамошиот текст: Извршител на мониторинг) од друга страна.

ПРЕДМЕТ НА ДОГОВОРОТ

Член 1

Предмет на договорот е мониторинг на органохлорни соединенија во воздух и почва во околината на ОХИС за време на постапката на отстранување на заостанати изомери на линдан во ОХИС, преку земање на примероци од почва и воздух.

Член 2

Извршителот на мониторингот се обврзува во период од 12 месеци да врши мониторинг на органохлорни соединенија во воздух и почва во околината на ОХИС за време на постапката на отстранување на заостанати изомери на линдан во ОХИС.

Анализите ќе се вршат во Лабораторијата за хроматографски анализи (во понатамошниот текст: ЛХА) на Институтот за хемија при Природноматематички факултет - Скопје.

Одговорно лице за реализирање на активностите и изготвување на извештаите е проф. д-р Марина Стефова, раководител на ЛХА и редовен професор, и замениците на раководителот: проф. д-р Јасмина Петреска Станоева, вонреден професор и проф. д-р Јане Богданов, редовен професор на Институтот за хемија при Факултетот.





договор

за вршење на мониторинг на присуство на хексахлороциклохексан (НСН) во крвта на работниците и во атмосферска вода за време на постапката на отстранување на заостапати изомери на НСН во ОХИС

Склучен помеѓу:

- Република Северна Македонија, Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање, со седиште на Плоштад Пресвета Богородица бр. 3. Скопје со ЕМБС 5262887, ЕДБ 4030998358508, (во понатамошниот текст: Нарачател на мониторинг), застапуван од министерот Насер Нуредини од една страна и
- Институт за јавно здравје Скопје, со седиште на ул. "50 Дивизија" бр. 6 со ЕМБС 4066383 и ЕДБ 4030982108064, застапуван од директор Доц. д-р Шабан Мемети, (во понатамошиот текст: Извршител на мониторинг) од друга страна.

ПРЕДМЕТ НА ДОГОВОРОТ

Член 1

Предмет на договорот е мониторинг на присуството на НСН во крвта на работниците вклучени во ремедијација на контаминираната локација во ОХИС, како и на атмосферската вода (собраната дождовница) за време на постапката на отстранување на заостанати изомери на НСН во ОХИС, преку земање на примероци од крв и атмосферска вода.

Член 2

Извршителот на мониторингот се обврзува да за време на постапката на отстранување на заостанати изомери на НСН во ОХИС во период од 15 месеци да изведе вкупно 83 анализи, од кои 75 анализи за присуство на НСН во крвта на работниците и 8 анализи за присуство на НСН во атмосферска вода.

Анализите ќе се вршат во Оддел за хемиски и радиолошки анализи (во понатамошниот текст: ОХРИ) на Институтот за јавно здравје-Скопје.

Одговорно лице за реализирање на активностите и изготвување на извештаи е проф. Зорица Арсова-Сарафиновска, раководител на оддел за хемиски и радиолошки испитувања (ОХРИ), м-р спец. Анита Најденкоска, раководител на одделение за контаминенти и екотоксикологија и проф. д -р Елисавета Стикова, раководител на одделение за медицина на труд и проценка на здравствени ризици, при оддел за здравствена екологија.



Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - working area -





















Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - working area -

	V (m3)	9.6		Location - 3		Location - 1		Location - 2	
WEEK 27	07/03/22 - 13/03/22	Baseline Monitoring		Northside of storage warehouse		Westside of the environmental enclosure		Eastside the environmental enclosure	
	Results from testing	Parameters (standard)	Units	PUF (A)	ng/m3	PUF (B)	ng/m3	PUF (C)	ng/m3
	4.1.1	α-HCH	μg/PUF	11.28	1,175.00	10.88	1,133.33	1.41	146.88
	4.1.2	β-НСН	µg/PUF	1.17	121.88	8.04	837.50	0.66	68.75
	4.1.3	y-HCH	μg/PUF	0.41	42.71	0.49	51.04	0.10	10.42
	4.1.4	δ-HCH	μg/PUF	0.41	42.71	0.33	34.38	0.08	8.33
	4.1.5	ε-HCH*	μg/PUF	0.06	6.25	0.26	27.08	0.03	3.13
	4.1.6	Total HCH	μg/PUF	13.33	1,388.54	20.00	2,083.33	2.29	238.54
	4.1.7	HCB	µg/PUF		-	-	- 10	899	9

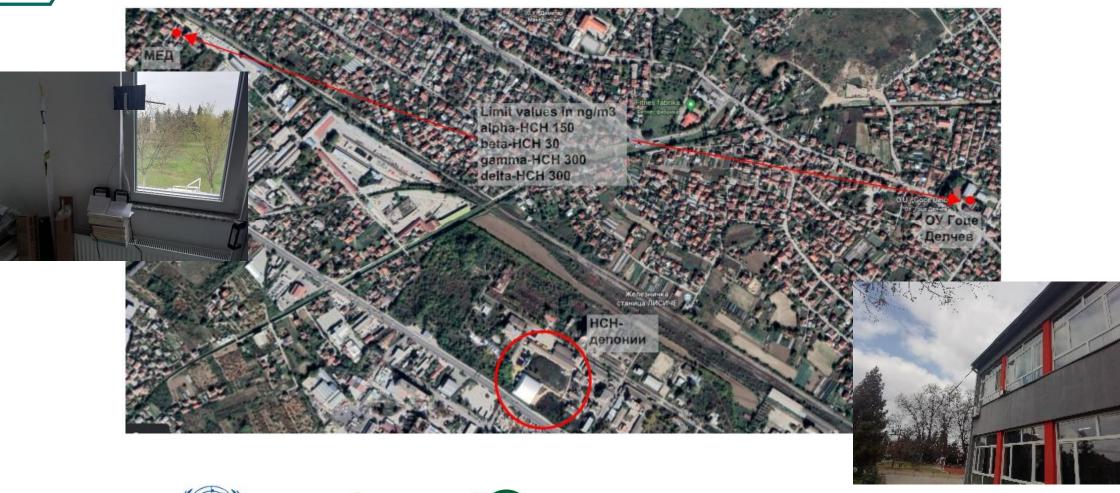
	V (m3)	9.6		Location - 3		Location - 1		Location - 2		Location - 4	
WEEK 29	21/03/22 - 27/03/22	Baseline Monitoring		Northside of storage warehouse		Westside of the environmental enclosure		Eastside the environmental enclosure		Inside of the environmental enclosure	
	Results from testing	Parameters (standard)	Units	PUF (A)	ng/m3	PUF (B)	ng/m3	PUF (C)	ng/m3	PUF (D)	ng/m3
	4.1.1	α-HCH	µg/PUF	4.57	476.04	5.59	582.29	49.57	5,163.54	39.21	4,084.38
	4.1.2	β-НСН	μg/PUF	1.58	164.58	4.32	450.00	4.27	444.79	1.72	179.17
Completion of	4.1.3	у-НСН	μg/PUF	0.13	13.54	0.28	29.17	1.44	150.00	5.87	611.46
enclosure	4.1.4	δ-HCH	μg/PUF	0.10	10.42	0.21	21.88	0.57	59.38	3.21	334.38
	4.1.5	ε-HCH*	μg/PUF	0.00	0.00	0.08	8.33	0.19	19.79	0.00	0.00
	4.1.6	Total HCH	μg/PUF	6.38	664.58	10.48	1,091.67	56.03	5,836.46	50.00	5,208.33
	4.1.7	HCB	μg/PUF	-	-	-		0.06	6.25	0.40	41.67

	V (m3)	8.64		Location - 3		Location - 1		Location - 2		Location - 4	
WEEK 30	28/03/22 - 03/04/22	Commencement of excavation activities		Northside of storage warehouse		Westside of the environmental enclosure		Eastside the environmental enclosure		Inside of the environmental enclosure	
	Results from testing	Parameters (standard)	Units	PUF (A)	ng/m3	PUF (B)	ng/m3	PUF (C)	ng/m3	PUF (D)	ng/m3
	4.1.1	α-HCH	μg/PUF	4.10	474.54	2.99	346.06	12.30	1,423.61	33.32	3,856.48
	4.1.2	β-НСН	μg/PUF	0.08	9.26	0.08	9.26	1.42	164.35	1.11	128.47
	4.1.3	γ-HCH	μg/PUF	0.19	21.99	0.35	40.51	0.00	0.00	14.01	1,621.53
	4.1.4	δ-HCH	μg/PUF	0.06	6.94	0.16	18.52	0.29	33.56	6.81	788.19
	4.1.5	ε-HCH*	µg/PUF	0.01	1.16	0.02	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.54	62.50
	4.1.6	Total HCH	μg/PUF	4.45	515.05	3.61	417.82	14.01	1,621.53	55.79	6,457.18
	4.1.7	HCB	µg/PUF	0.01	1.16	0.01	1.16	0.43	49.77	3.05	353.01

127	V (m3)	11.52		Location - 3		Location - 1		Location - 2		Location - 4	
WEEK 31	04/04/22 - 10/04/22	Continuation of excavation activities		Northside of storage warehouse		Westside of the environmental enclosure		Eastside the environmental enclosure		Inside of the environmental enclosure	
	Results from testing	Parameters (standard)	Units	PUF (A)	ng/m3	PUF (B)	ng/m3	PUF (C)	ng/m3	PUF (D)	ng/m3
	4.1.1	α-HCH	μg/PUF	9.56	829.86	8.68	753.47	40.27	3,495.66	58.78	5,102.43
	4.1.2	β-НСН	µg/PUF	0.56	48.61	0.25	21.70	1.88	163.19	2.43	210.94
	4.1.3	y-HCH	μg/PUF	0.38	32.99	0.85	73.78	1.52	131.94	37.01	3,212.67
	4.1.4	δ-HCH	μg/PUF	0.35	30.38	0.60	52.08	0.64	55.56	20.98	1,821.18
	4.1.5	ε-HCH*	μg/PUF	0.04	3.47	0.05	4.34	0.14	12.15	1.37	118.92
	4.1.6	Total HCH	μg/PUF	10.88	944.44	10.43	905.38	44.45	3,858.51	120.57	10,466.15
	4.1.7	HCB	μg/PUF	-	-		325	× 1	0.40	3.05	264.76



Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - residential area -













Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - residential area -

30+30 min

0.98

5x8 h

0.45

1.39

1.10

9.41

30+30 min

0.38 5.19

0.45

1.29

1.21

8.07 1.15

0.90 MED

ı	.OD	
Г	0.7	HCB
Г	0.3	α-HCH
Т	1.0	β-нсн
Г	0.4	у-НСН
	0.5	δ-НСН
*		ε-НСН
		Total HCH
Г	1.3	Heptachlor
	0.7	Aldrin
*		o,p'-DDE
	0.7	alfa-endosu
	0.6	p,p'-DDE
Г	0.7	Dieldrin
٠		o,p'-DDD
	5.5	Endrin
	1.5	p,p'-DDD
	1.8	p,p'-DDT
٠		PCB 52
*	77	PCB 101
+		PCB 118
*		PCB 153
+		PCB 138
+	17	PCB 180

		15.4.2022		6.5.2022		23.5.2022		15.6.2022		27.6.2022	
	1	MED	58	MED	58	MED	S8	MED	58	MED	58
НСВ	μg/kg										
alpha HCH	μg/kg	84.36	18.05	98.49	2056.4	72.17	61.24	12.56	26.86	36.91	10.86
beta HCH	μg/kg	21.81	30.73	109.27	777.52	104.34	65.05	13.47	36.79	876.44	15.37
gama HCH	μg/kg	2.72	3.15	4.94	19.72	8.54	0.028	2.70	2.50	3.62	3.10
delta HCH	μg/kg	8.58	8.74	25.92	41.81	31.45	29.42	6.60	6.30	19.91	11.07
epsilon HCH	μg/kg			4.28	28.45	4.22	2.77			12.25	
Total HCH	μg/kg	11.30	11.89	35.14	89.98	44.21	32.22	9.30	8.80	35.78	14.17
PCB 28	μg/kg										
Heptachlor	μg/kg										
PCB 52	μg/kg										
Aldrin	μg/kg										
Heptachlor epoxide tran	s μg/kg										
Heptachlor epoxide cis	μg/kg										
o,p'-DDE	μg/kg										
PCB 101	μg/kg		6								
alfa-endosulfan	μg/kg				- 1						
p,p'-DDE	μg/kg										
Dieldrin	μg/kg	0.257	0.842	1.17	1.47	1.38	3.90	0.26	3.89	0.918	24.79
o,p'-DDD	μg/kg	1.13	1.00	0.202	0.084	0.191	0.185	1.02	0.97	0.153	
Endrin	μg/kg	3.21	2.92	0.703	0.529	0.827	0.665	3.25	0.799	3.25	3.50
PCB 118	μg/kg	0.872	0.803	2.45	2.54	2.64	2.50	0.989	0.734	1.53	2.79
p,p'-DDD	μg/kg										
o,p'-DDT	μg/kg	0.401		0.232	0.332	0.281	0.369	0.352	0.414	0.379	5.34
PCB 153	μg/kg	0.478	0.496	0.172	0.36	0.345	0.291	0.39	0.592	0.388	2.62
p,p'-DDT	μg/kg		0.02								2.86
PCB 138	μg/kg			10		8					18.96
PCB 180	μg/kg										
dry w		0.8083	0.7961	0.8496	0.8018	0.8456	0.9023	0.8643	0.8217	0.9082	0.8435





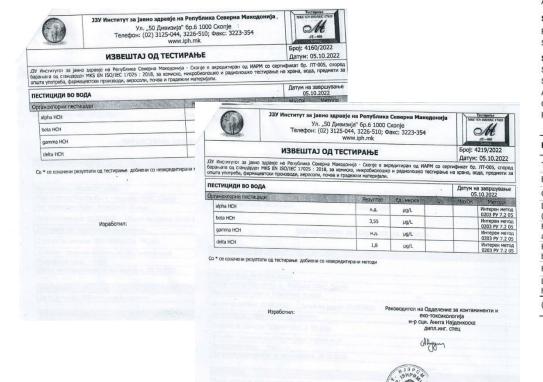






Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - collected rain water -

Parameter	Limits
COD	125 mg/l
BOD	30mg/1
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	30 mg/l
Total Hydrocarbons	5 mg/l
HCH-isomers	5 ug/1





TEST REPORT

Certificate No: 22-0398-076-0324-02

Date of Issue: 06/12/2022





Cert. No 102

29 Nafpliou St • Metamorphosi 144 52 • Athens • Greece Tel: +30 210 7470500

Issue No : 1 email: waternet@ergastiria.gr • website: www.ergastiria.gr

athens analysis

laboratories

CUSTOMER DETAILS

Customer : POLYECO S.A.

Address : 16th km of Athens-Korinth Ntl Road, 19300, Aspropirgos

SAMPLING DETAILS

: CUSTOMER Responsible for sampling : 28/11/2022 Sampling Date

SAMPLE DETAILS

: 324810324 Sample Code

WATER SAMPLE AFTER FILTRATION POLYECO- GEORGE TSAIMOS Sample Description

Analysis carried out by **EUROFINS Athens Analysis Laboratories** Date of starting the analysis : 28/11/2022 Condition / Quantity of Sample NORMAL Date of finishing the analysis : 06/12/2022

Receipt Date : 28/11/2022

Parameter	Method	Unit	Detection Limit	Parametric Value	Result
Total Suspended Solids (103-105°C)	EAOT EN 872:2005	mg/l	0.6	2	Not Detected
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	OE-7.0-41	mg/l O2	2		Not Detected
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	ISO 15705:2002	mg/l O2	3		Not Detected
Dilluted or in emulsion HCs-Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	OE-7.0-83 (GC-FID)	µg/l	8		Not Detected
Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH), alpha-isomer	OE-7.0-79 (GC-MS/MS) *	µg/l	0.006	-	Not Detected
Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH), beta-isomer	OE-7.0-79 (GC-MS/MS) *	µg/l	0.006	-	0.056
HCH-delta	OE-7.0-79 (GC-MS/MS) *	μg/l	0.006	¥ .	0.047
Lindane (Gamma-isomer of hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH))	OE-7.0-79 (GC-MS/MS) *	μg/l	0.006	45	0.170
(*) Tost sutside the asses of secreditation	24				

(*) Test outside the scope of accreditation

END OF TEST DEDOD!











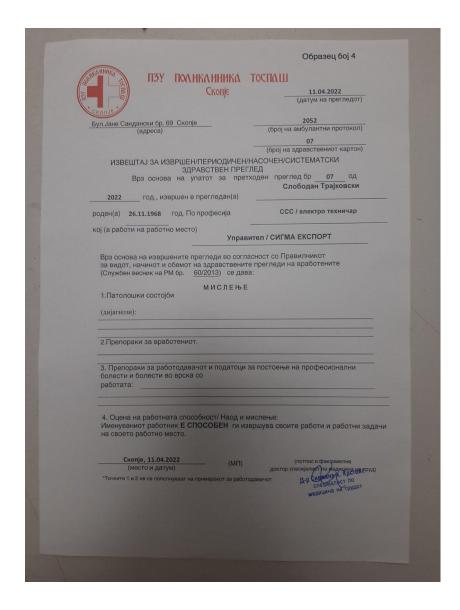
UNIDO

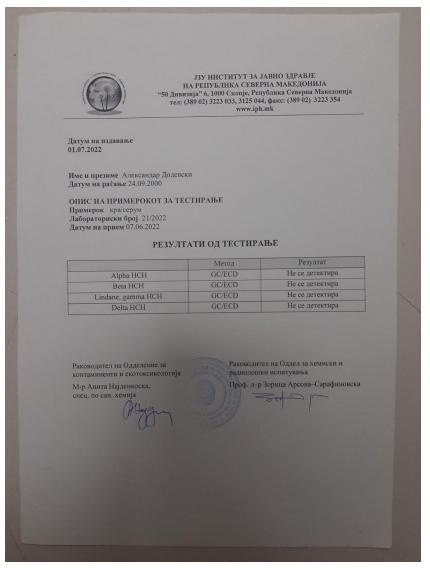






Output 4.7: A monitoring program, system established in the location - workers blood samples -







Output 4.8: Clean up operation executed

- financial mechanism for remediation continuation -

In order to secure the sustainability of the clean up activities beyond the project lifetime, the government established a mechanism (Multi-partner **Environmental Fund) for continuous** provision and generation of funds that are particularly needed after the project phase for ensuring the complete remediation of the contaminated site.



Republic of Macedonia **Government of Repub**

No: 08-4

Republic of Macedo

Your Excellency

Macedonia agree Services and the Embassy of Nor Norwegian Minis

THE EMBAS

This Memorandur for Project Servic Yugoslav Repub of Norway to the (hereinafter refer Norway are hereir

THE GOVE

WHEREAS, UNO of 19 September management and cost-effective serv

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1.1 The purp collaboration bety hotspots, and miti Yugoslav Republic



17 December 20

Hereby I Understanding t

It is consid Republic of M Understanding b Services and the Embassy of Nor Norwegian Minis

However, I accept the deno mentioned Memo name of my count

Please acc consideration.



Република Северна Македонија Republika e Maqedonise se Veriut влада на република северна македонија

UNITED NATIONS OFFICE FOR PROJECT SERVICES

and

H.E Arne Sanne Ambassador Ex Plenipotentiar Norway in the I

Graeme Tyndall Authorized repre Nations Office fo The Government of the Republic of North Macedonia

Multi-partner Environmental Fund

Clean up of Ohis Site











Thank you for the attention

Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning POPs Unit

Aleksandar Mickovski
POPs Unit
a.mickovski@pops.org.mk
aleksandar mickovski@yahoo.com

Suzana Andonova
POPs Unit
s.andonova@pops.org.mk
suzana andonova@yahoo.com







